

VASHON ISLAND NEWS-RECORD

VOLUME IV.

VASHON, KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON, THURSDAY, JANUARY 8, 1920.

NUMBER 12.

DOCKTON

A large scow underwent repairs on the dry dock here last week.

Mrs. Nilsen and daughter of Tacoma were guests of Mrs. Halsan one day last week.

Mrs. John Swanson and son Jack are visiting in Olympia, at the home of Mrs. Rose.

Mr. David McKay of Lake Bay spent New Year's day with his sister, Mrs. Lucas Planchich.

Mr. and Mrs. Kuppen of Everett spent several days last week at the home of Mrs. Anton Hausen.

Mr. Theodore Berry announces the opening of a meat market here in connection with his grocery store.

The school board is busy these days looking for a site for a new school house. We hope they will get the one so desirably located.

Miss Dorothy Nilsen of Seattle was the guest of her uncle, Mr. N. Nilsen, on Sunday. Her cousin, Miss Jennie Nilsen, accompanied her on her return to Seattle.

Miss Anne Larsen returned home Monday evening from Southern Heights, where she visited at the home of Miss Margaret Landers.

Mrs. Littleman of Lake Bay spent several days last week visiting with her mother, Mrs. Burton, and her daughter, Mrs. Lucas Planchich, returning home Sunday afternoon.

A New Year's dance was given at the Dockton hotel on New Year's eve, and was attended by a large crowd of Island and Tacoma people.

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Olsen of Tacoma are making their home with Mrs. Olsen's sister, Mrs. Keen, awaiting the opening of the shipyard, where Mr. Olsen is expecting to work.

Mrs. M. Planchich, sr., who has been seriously ill for the past five weeks, was removed to St. Joseph's hospital, Tacoma, on Sunday, and is now under the care of Dr. King. She is suffering from the effects of a stroke of paralysis.

LISABEULA

Mr. William Hirsch is here from Alaska for a visit with the home folks.

Nels Christensen is home from the hospital and states that he is feeling fine.

Mr. and Mrs. Kneebone entertained friends from Seattle during the holidays.

Mr. E. Howard of Seattle visited the home folks over Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Gulstine enjoyed the holiday vacation from her school work in Seattle.

Mrs. McCutcheon and Mrs. Frost were visitors at the Page home last week.

Mr. and Mrs. King have been visiting relatives in Seattle during the holidays.

Our neighbor, Mrs. Smith, who is in Seattle, is reported to be quite ill with throat trouble.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Lorraine were guests over Christmas of the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. Lorraine.

Mr. Hood and family from Texas have moved to Lisabeula and are occupying the property formerly known as the Bener place.

For a business education investigate Success Shorthand School, Seattle, Wash.

WANTED

Twelve or fifteen head of young stock. Will pay cash and the highest market price. Anything from four months old to two years old. R. B. Hayes, Portage. Phone Blk 1153. 38-9-0-1

Mr. Larson has his wood sawing machine at Frank Manker's, busy cutting wood. One can hear the machine "chug, chug."

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Hofmeister were guests at Christmas dinner of Mr. and Mrs. Brink. Miss Anna Rasmussen of Tacoma was also present.

Henry Larson was at home last week for a few days' visit. He brought a fine Alaska lynx for made up into a collarette as a Christmas present for his sister Minnie.

Word has been received that Mrs. Olivia Stevenson of Puyallup is very ill from the effects of a paralytic stroke. Mrs. Stevenson formerly resided in Lisabeula. It is hoped she will speedily recover. She is over 80 years of age.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniels of Tacoma enjoyed Christmas dinner with her mother, Mrs. Sullivan. They had quite an experience on the return trip. The Virginia III was stranded at low tide at Cove and had to phone for a fish boat to take the passengers on to Tacoma. They did not reach the city until after 12 midnight and then found that the street cars were not running, so they had to "foot it" home, which they reached about 2:00 a. m. They concluded it was "The End of a Perfect Day."

COVE COMMENTS

Cove is very much on the map now that Uncle Geo. McLean is on the war path with society items.

The Reds are having such a hard time with Uncle Sam chasing them that they ought to change color and be called the Blues.

Helped to wreck no less than three Turks since Thanksgiving. Thankful! Of course. Can hold over comfortably in that line until next fall.

Who's to be elected president for the ensuing term? No one in particular in sight, except it may be Hoover. However, the fight is young. How would a naval president do for a change, say Admiral Sims? For one he seems a straight from the shoulder sort of man.

Had a very pleasant and unexpected surprise on New Year's morning. Was busy putting up the prickly logans, when who should come down the path but Mr. and Mrs. Ray Leeman of Sedro-Woolley, flanked by the two youngest children and protected in the rear by Mr. Leufesty of Victoria. We sure had a pleasant and all too short a visit. The object of Mr. and Mrs. Leeman's visit at this time was to attend the funeral of his aged parents, who died the same day, ending their honorable life term together. Hand in hand they journeyed through life, hand in hand they were laid to rest, and their dust commingled by cremation. We must all pay the inevitable toll, and what could be better than to end full of years and honor.

PORTAGE

Mrs. F. B. Sherman was a Seattle visitor on Monday.

Mrs. F. M. Hazelhurst was in Seattle on business Wednesday.

The Malone family are over from Seattle looking after their summer home.

Mrs. M. L. Hansen entertained the Portage Query Club on Wednesday afternoon.

Harry Swanson, who is attending a dental college in Portland, spent the holidays at home.

Mrs. L. C. Whaitte and sons, Wilber and Albert, were week end visitors with friends in Olympia.

Mrs. A. D. Kingsbury, who has been on the sick list again, is much improved at this writing.

Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Ireland and family have arrived from California for an extended visit with

ROAD TO BE PAVED

From Vashon Heights Ferry Terminal To Burton

ORGANIZE TO FORMULATE WORKABLE PLAN

On Wednesday evening, January 7th a mass meeting was held in Odd Fellow's Hall at Center, when an Improvement District was organized for the purpose of bringing before the County Commissioners the necessity of improving the main highway from Vashon Heights to Burton. The following officers were elected: Francis Sherman, Chairman; W. D. Garvin, Secretary; T. Hansen, Treasurer.

It was decided to divide the territory into three districts with a commissioner for each district. First district, Vashon Heights to Vashon High School; Second district, Vashon High School to Telephone office; Third district, Telephone office to Burton. The following commissioners

Mrs. Ireland's parents, Mr. and Mrs. R. W. F. Martin.

Mrs. Dolan and children returned to their home in Carbonado after a week's visit with her mother, Mrs. C. B. Kingsbury.

The census for Portage and Lisabeula was taken by a young man, a student, from the U. of W. No one hereabouts seemed to have a yearning for the job.

Miss Helen Erickson of Tacoma was a guest on New Year's day at the home of Capt. and Mrs. C. Wiman at Quartermaster.

Earl Odion, who is living with his aunt, Mrs. T. B. Allison, has returned after a two weeks' vacation spent at his home in Winslow.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Swanson of Burton entertained at a charmingly appointed New Year's dinner. Covers were placed for 18, and a gorgeous basket of flowers centered the table. The guests present were Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Nelson and family, Prof. and Mrs. Leathers and family, Mrs. C. R. Forbes and little daughter Marcia, Miss Irene Swanson and Mr. Harry Swanson. The evening was spent in playing cards.

Capt. and Mrs. C. Wiman were host and hostess for the Klos Tiliem Club on New Year's evening, to watch the old year out and the new year in. The large and spacious rooms were filled with a merry crowd. Seven tables of five hundred were in progress. A two-course delicious luncheon was served at 12:00 o'clock. The prizes were exquisite paintings, the work of the hostess. The big score went to Mrs. Deppman and Mrs. Wilber; second prize to Miss Helen Leathers and Mrs. Harry Swanson; booby, Tim Clarke. Thirty guests were present.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Morgan and little son Henry of Seattle were Island visitors on Wednesday. Mr. Morgan is one of Seattle's popular florists, and was increasing his stock of rose bushes from the Beall Greenhouse Company. They spent the afternoon visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jules B. Dahlager.

Mr. Fagen has returned to his place here for a short rest.

Mrs. Rushton entertained Mrs. Jones and Mrs. Young last Sunday.

The son of Mr. Stuart returned on Sunday to Tacoma, where he is attending school.

Miss Alice Beming, who is attending the Lincoln high school, returned to Seattle on Sunday.

Mr. Parker and his two daughters entertained on New Year's day Mr. and Mrs. Earnest and Mr. Smith.

Miss Parker returned to her school duties in Seattle last Sunday, after spending the holidays here with her father.

Mr. and Mrs. Withrow were visitors in Seattle on New Year's day, remaining over with friends for a New Year's dinner.

Mr. Marley, who has been the guest of Mr. Holmes for some time, has returned to his home in Chico.

The Misses Ruby and Goldie Flowers spent their school vacation with their parents on the ranch.

Mr. and Mrs. Stoltenberg entertained their neighbors, Mr. and Mrs. Forrest and Jack, on New Year's night.

On Wednesday Mrs. Bittinger received a call from Miss Ethel Hutchinson of Seattle and Mrs. Bedford of Lisabeula.

Mrs. Frank Bullard and her sister, Miss Bonnie Parish, spent Wednesday with Mrs. Jenkins. Miss Parish will leave for her home in North Dakota next week, after having spent several months in the Sound country, which she likes very much.

Mr. and Mrs. Withrow were visitors in Seattle on New Year's day, remaining over with friends for a New Year's dinner.

The county extension force, composed of the County Agricultural Agent, Assistant Agricultural Agent, the Home Demonstration Agent and numerous

specialists are available for work in all parts of King County. In order that these extension workers will work on the problems that are of the most importance it is desired that the rural people in each community first determine what problems shall be worked on and second, lay plans for doing a definite piece of work for the coming year.

The Farm Bureau plan of doing this extension work has been tried out in many of the central eastern states as well as in other counties in this state, and has proved to be the most effective way of getting results.

The lines of work to consider will be three:

First: All problems relating to the farm and farmer.

Second: All problems relating to the home and housewife.

Third: All problems relating to the boys and girls.

With your assistance we can set our goal for 1920 that will be sure to get results. Please plan to be with us.

Very truly yours,
A. B. Nyström,
County Agent.

Continued on page 2

MAURY CENTER

Mr. Fagen has returned to his place here for a short rest.

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A. B. Nyström,
County Agent.

BURTON

Miss Marjorie Stanley spent the holiday vacation at her home in Burton.

D. Green and family spent several days recently with Seattle friends.

Mrs. Wm. Kloepfel was a guest at luncheon on Friday of Mrs. A. B. Cook.

Kenneth Van House has accepted a position as bookkeeper at the Foddi shipyards.

Mrs. E. J. Gordon is Uncle Sam's partner in this district—taking the 1920 census.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Keating were dinner guests recently of Mr. and Mrs. Beutel in Tacoma.

The Chess Club met on Saturday evening last at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Steinfmetz.

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Van House had as guests during the holidays Mr. and Mrs. Davies of Tacoma.

Mr. Albert Hofmeister of the Hunt & Mottett Co., Tacoma, spent New Year's day at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Hofmeister.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Bucknell and Mr. and Mrs. Beppier, were recent guests of Mr. and Mrs. E. Bucknell.

Mrs. A. Hunt spent the week end at Shelton, visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Hitchcock.

Mrs. Geo. Hofmeister entertained at a New Year's dinner for her daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. C. Montgomery, jr., and for her son Albert of Tacoma.

The Woman's Club meets on Tuesday next at the home of Mrs. W. C. Whitfield on Broadway Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Osmond Ayery of Tacoma visited at the home of her mother, Mrs. Theo. Mauek, over New Year's. Her mother returned to Tacoma with her on Monday.

Mrs. Geo. Hofmeister and son Arthur visited over Saturday at the home of her sister, Mrs. Osmond Avery, of Tacoma, and also with her cousin, Miss Carrie Sutter.

Rev. Fretz, who has been teaching and preaching in Alberta for the past year, is spending his vacation with his family in Burton.

Mr. Fretz has received an appointment to continue his work in Alberta for the coming year.

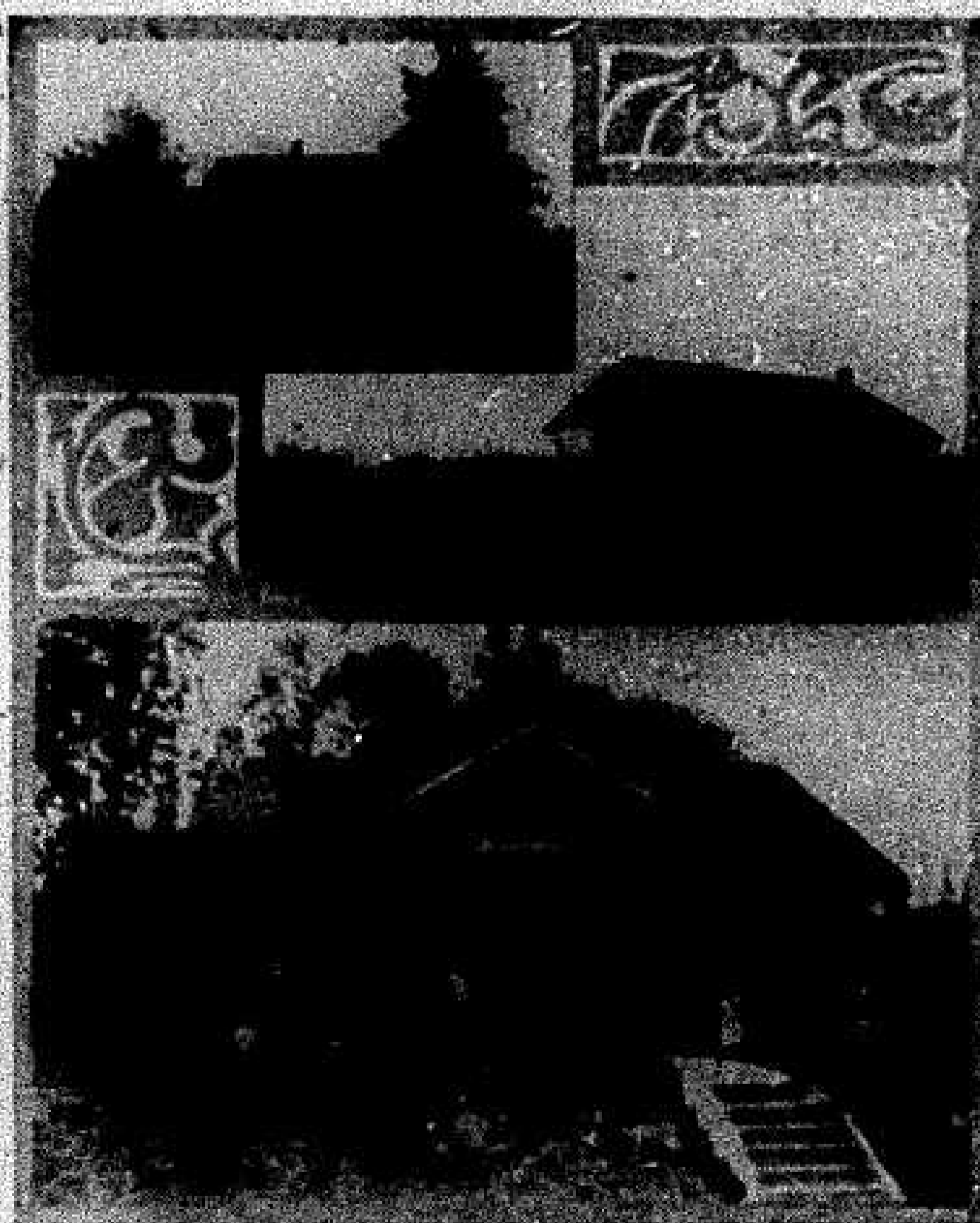
Mr. and Mrs. Charles Montgomery, sr., of Trenton, Mo., visited at the home of their son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Montgomery, jr. After spending Christmas at Burton they started on their homeward trip, via the Milwaukee Line.

The annual banquet of the Vashon Island Woman's Club was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Vye on New Year's eve, and was a most delightful occasion. Mrs. Leathers had charge of the program and had arranged some very pleasing numbers, among them being a group of songs by Mrs. Stenmetz, a solo by Mrs. Forbes, a duet by Muriel Vye and Ethel Whitfield, a reading by Miss Frazer, and after a good, old community sing, in which all joined, Miss McDonald of Portland rendered several delightful piano solos. The last thing before going home was three rousing cheers for the social committee, of which Mrs. Lindstrum was the chairman.

Mr. and Mrs. O. Madison are enjoying a visit from the latter's uncle, Rev. H. E. Cook, from Illinois. Rev. Cook has been engaged in missionary work, and although 81 years of age he is quite active, and is helping Mr. Madison clear land. He has been visiting his daughters in North Dakota, where the temperature was 30 below, and he states that Puget Sound climate is much more to his liking.

For day-old chicks call Siegrist Hatchery. Phone Black 202. 12

Expert sawfiling at Rendall's.



Types of Vashon Island Homes

CHANGES IN DIRECTORY

Make the following changes in your telephone directory:

Installations	
Anderson, K.	X-62
Berry & Botch	X-63
Dunabenton, L. G.	Blk 71
Gillblaz, Mrs. Amy	Blk 193
Kingsbury, Ray	Red 1154
Snyder, H. C.	Blk 816
Sorg, Fred G.	Blk 103
Pyie, C. J.	Blk 781
Williams, R. G.	Blk 802

Removals	
Haddow, Robert	Blk 1132
Houston, R. P.	Red 42
MacMillan, J. L.	Red 862
Tjomsland, M.	Red 163
Turnbull, L., store	X-63

Change in Numbers	
Burton Hotel	Blk 1134
Covell, Z. E.	Red 42
Williams, C. C.	Red 802

Tacoma's Exclusive Boys' Suit Shop is located at 607 Fidelity Building. There is where the money is saved. Special features: Double Seat and Knees in every suit, making them last twice as long. 12



Standard Furniture Co.
Schoenfeld Bros.
SEATTLE TACOMA

GUARANTEED FOR TEN YEARS

—your old machine taken as part payment on a purchase of a new EMPRESS sewing machine.



\$35—and up

\$1 -- DOWN A WEEK YOU SAVE \$10. TO \$25. ON EVERY EMPRESS SEWING MACHINE!

—THE EMPRESS is strictly a **HIGH-GRADE** machine—for easy running, simplicity, noiselessness, practical devices and construction, has no equal.

—you positively save from twenty to thirty dollars on the purchase of an EMPRESS machine.



I pledge allegiance to my Flag, and to the Republic for which it stands, one Nation, indivisible, with Liberty and Justice for all.

Vashon Island News-Record

The Vashon Island News, established June 17, '07.
The Vashon Island Record, established Oct. 26, '16.
Consolidated December 18, 1919.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

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Classified Reading Notices—5c per line, minimum charge, 25c.
Front page position or bold face—10c per line.

All notices where the object is to raise money by admission or collections, unless for an especially charitable object, will be charged for.

Vashon-Maury Islands: The choicest territory between Seattle and Tacoma.

Resolve now to own more Thrift Stamps and War Savings Stamps in 1920.

The work of planking the ferry dock at Southern Heights is progressing satisfactorily.

The Census Bureau prints a special supplement for each state in the Union containing all the census figures relating to the state in question.

A paved road through the island is practically assured. Adequate transportation will transform this territory before the work can be completed, inasmuch as the demand for island property will exceed the supply. This is now recognized as the choicest residential section between the two cities. Property owners should meet the changing conditions squarely. A paved road is needed right now and residents can

WE DRESS MEN & WOMEN ON EASY CREDIT

PACIFIC FINANCIAL CO.

SEATTLE

well afford to meet an annual assessment, extending over a period ten years, as adequate transportation means better prices for their property the moment the improvement is started, in case they wish to sell.

Legal advice will be sought at once, as a matter of course; but the petition for a paved road will carry as the logical outcome. Get busy on this proposition: not next year, but right NOW.

The cheering news comes that if the federal inspection can be completed this week the ferry Vashon will be placed on the Des Moines-Portage run next Monday.

Plans have been completed to push the proposed University of Washington stadium through to completion. The cost will be approximately \$400,000, and according to plans the "howl" will seat more than 35,000 people.

On his return from a trip East, the secretary of the Pacific Northwest Tourist Association predicts that the 1920 tourist travel to this section of the country will be the largest ever.

General Leonard Wood seems to be growing in favor as a candidate in the presidential contest. The News-Record is of the opinion that Gen. Wood is the right man for the place.

According to a statement issued by the Treasury Department, this country will face a national debt of twenty-six billions of dollars on June 30 of this year. And we shall have to pay that debt—by saving. All can help by investing in Thrift and War Savings Stamps and Treasury Savings Certificates.

Writing from "way back East" to a Vashon friend, a subscriber to this paper says: "I will just say that the News-Record is fine and newsy, and I read everything in it—ads and all. I always enjoy reading the names and doings of Vashon people."

ROAD TO BE PAVED

Continued from page 1

were elected: A. D. Cowan, T. Hansen, Frank Bibbins.

The following petition was read: **IN THE Matter of the Improvement of County Road No. 1040, being Bond Issue Road No. 14, from Vashon Ferry Terminal to the Burton wharf and to Portage.**

Comes now the undersigned petitioners and addressing this, their petition, to the Honorable Board of County Commissioners of King County, Washington, allege:

I.

That it is the desire of your petitioners and the undersigned do hereby petition your Honorable Body to improve by paving with 1 course Portland Cement Concrete, or with brick, 20 feet wide, a county road of King County, Washington, in accordance with 5730-5782, inclusive, Rem. & Bal, Annotated Codes and Statutes of the State of Washington, as amended, and that the portion of the cost chargeable to the improvement district be paid for in ten equal annual installments and the portion of the cost to be borne by the County and Road District be paid for at the discretion of the Board of County Commissioners in not to exceed ten equal annual installments.

The particular description of the road and roads desired to be improved by your petitioners being described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at the Vashon Ferry Terminal at Vashon Heights in Section 6, Township 23, North Range 3 E. W. M., and running thence in a southerly direction over County Road No. 1040, the same being Bond Issue Road No. 14, to its intersection with the Burton-Portage branch of the said Road No. 1040; thence westerly and southerly over said Burton-Portage branch of said Road No. 1040 to the County Wharf at Burton, the same being in Government Lot No. 2, Section 19, Township 22, North Range 3 E. W. M.; also from said intersection of said Road No. 1040 with said Burton-Portage branch, and thence easterly and northerly over said Burton-Portage branch of said Road No. 1040 to the junction of said Road No. 1040 with the County Road from the Portage Dock, the same being at Portage in Government Lot No. 2, Section 8, Township 22, North Range 3 E. W. M., with such changes in the alignment, etc., as may be approved by the County Commissioners, the total distance being 10.6 miles.

II.

That the improvement of said roads with some permanent sort of improvement is necessary for the convenience and public welfare of the residents of King County, Washington, and will be conducive to the general welfare and benefit of the residents of said County and increase the public revenue.

III.

That it appears from the assessment rolls of King County, Washington, for the year 1919 that the petitioners signing this petition own property which will be particularly benefited by the making of said improvement representing in value not less than ten thousand dollars for each mile of the improvement herein petitioned for and represents property within the improved boundary of the road herein petitioned for equivalent to not less than five thousand dollars per mile for each mile of such proposed improvement.

WHEREFORE, your petitioners pray that a hearing may be had upon this petition by your Honorable Body, and that upon said hearing an order may be entered by the County Commissioners of King County, Washington, authorizing and directing the improvement of the highway herein petitioned for at the expense of the land benefited thereby, and in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the State of Washington hereinbefore referred to.

There will be another meeting of the organization on Wednesday evening, January 21st, at 8 p. m. in the Odd Fellow's Hall at Center. All are urgently requested to attend.

The News-Record will publish the law, with full particulars and the approximate cost to the property owners in the issue of January 15th.

TURN STRIKES INTO REVOLT WAS PLAN

Plot Revealed in Country-Wide Roundup of More Than 4000 Radicals.

Washington.—Radical leaders planned to develop the recent steel and coal strikes into a general strike and ultimately into a revolution to overthrow the government, according to information gathered by federal agents in the wholesale roundup of members of the communist and communist labor parties.

A definite programme to expand the two labor disturbances to blot out every semblance of organized government, was disclosed in evidence gathered in the raids. This data, officials said, tended to prove that the nation-wide raids had nipped the most menacing revolutionary plot yet unearthed.

The greatest roundup of radicals in the nation's history was conducted by the government acting through department of justice agents in 25 cities, stretching from coast to coast.

The raids were conducted particularly against Communist and Communist Labor groups of radicals.

Figures received showed that a total of 2635 aliens were held with evidence which federal agents believed was sufficient to warrant deportation. Approximately 4800 persons were taken into custody in the raids.

Raids were conducted in the following cities:

New York, Baltimore, Boston, Buffalo, Chicago, Cleveland, Denver, Des Moines, Detroit, Grand Rapids, Hartford, Indianapolis, Jacksonville, Kansas City, Los Angeles, Louisville, Milwaukee, Newark, Omaha, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Portland (Maine); Portland (Oregon); Providence, San Francisco, Scranton, Spokane, St. Louis, St. Paul, Springfield, (Mass.); Syracuse, Toledo and Trenton.

DRY ENFORCEMENT ACT CONSTITUTIONAL

Washington.—The supreme court declared constitutional sections of the Volstead prohibition enforcement act prohibiting the manufacture and sale of "beer, wine or other intoxicating malt or vinous liquors, containing one-half of one per cent or more of alcohol."

Beer containing 2.75 per cent of alcohol is illegal, under the wartime prohibition act, the supreme court decided.

The important feature of the decision is that the court upheld the action of congress in declaring intoxicating and preventing the sale of all beverages containing one-half of 1 per cent or more of alcohol, by volume, with the exception of home made cider and wine.

The decree of the court may be taken as a definition of intoxicating liquor that will stand under constitutional prohibition also, because of the definite statement that congress in providing for the enforcement of prohibition can prescribe just what makes a beverage intoxicating.

The case was an appeal from the New York federal courts, brought by Jacob Ruppert, a brewery corporation.

LOANS TO REBUILD EUROPE

Step to Assist Exporters in Getting Materials to Europe.

Washington.—Appeals of American business for aid in financing the reconstruction of Europe were answered when the war finance corporation announced that four loans, aggregating \$17,000,000, soon would be made to commercial interests which will employ the money in exporting needed materials to the stricken nations.

Two loans, each of \$5,000,000, have been arranged to finance the exportation of locomotives and agricultural machinery. The locomotives will go to Poland and the agricultural machinery to England, France and Belgium.

A third loan for \$5,000,000 will go to an electrical machinery corporation and will be used for rehabilitation of stricken sections of Belgium and France.

An advance of \$2,000,000 also is included in the total of \$17,000,000 to go to several banks which will furnish funds for the exportation of machinery to reconstruct steel mills in France.

Europe is Sending Cheaper Domestic

Chicago.—The day of the 17 week servant girl who would cook, sweep, mind the baby, wash dishes, run the laundry and do odd jobs of calculating in her spare time, is coming again, according to Miss Elizabeth Moynihan of the Travelers' Aid society. Every boat from Europe is bringing hundreds of Scandinavian, Irish, English, and Italian girls eager to do house work. Miss Moynihan says.



LUMBER AND SHINGLES

Fruit Boxes

H. Steen Mill Co.

Phone Black 173 Vashon, Wash.

"A Store for Everybody"

Spelger & Hurlbut,

Sporting Goods, Hardware, Crockery, House Furnishings
Toys

Second Avenue at Union SEATTLE

Rosebank Farm Hatchery

S. C. White Leghorn Chicks From Selected Heavy Laying Birds

Last week Mr. Gilbert was complimented on the efficient manner of caring for his fens, by Mr. Geo. R. Shoup. You too should look him up before placing that order for chicks. We are going to use all his hatching eggs, 214 to 285 strain.

Order Now Don't Delay Prices Right

Phone Black 731. Ask for Mr. Norkett. Located at Center.



He Can't Refuse

If you've set your heart on that lovely bracelet watch in our window—stopped and looked at it longingly every day for a week—just tell him you've simply got to have it and won't be happy without it. He can't and won't refuse. Our display of bracelet and wrist watches is well worth seeing.

HAMELIN

POPULAR PRICED JEWELRY and SILVERWARE

Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty

254 Eleventh St. Tacoma, Wash.

BEALL GREENHOUSE CO.

Growers of

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Whitlock-Salmson Optical Co.

New Equipment and the Latest in Everything Optical

Main 1744 617-18 Fidelity Bldg., Tacoma

The **JUVENILE**

Exclusive Shop for Boys

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Sizes up to eighteen years

305 Pine St., Opposite Fire Hall SEATTLE

Stolting & Sons Inc. Foreign and Domestic

Wall Paper

1115 Third Ave., Seattle, Wash.

Home Undertaking Co.

9th at Union, Seattle

—Ambulance Service—

C. L. Haggard, Pres. Phone Elliott 432

ELLISPORT

Mr. W. Livesley went to Seattle on Sunday last. Mrs. D. Selby, who has been ill, is much improved. Mr. H. S. Collins returned to Spokane on Monday last.

Mrs. W. C. Cliff went to Tacoma on Wednesday for a few days' visit with friends.

Mrs. B. W. Aldrich returned on Sunday from a ten days' visit with friends in Seattle.

Mrs. G. M. Marsh, son Martin and daughter Margaret, are visiting in Sioux City, Iowa.

Mrs. P. J. Morgan came over from Seattle to look after some repairs she is having made on her home.

Miss Ella J. Caughey and Mrs. Hills have returned from Seattle, where they spent the holidays with friends.

Mrs. Eva W. Furbush attended a banquet in Seattle on New Year's night, given by the social club of the University Chapter of the Order of the Eastern Star in honor of the new officers. The banquet was held at Masonic Hall, 14th N. E.

MENACE TO ORCHARDS

Vashon, Wash., Jan. 1, 1920. We all love the birds that "bless the field and grove", but there are limitations to my sentimentality. After years of close observation, today I am after a bird which is rated among sweet singers as A-1. I refer to the Western Purple Finch of the Pacific Coast, the genus Carpodacus, variety Californicus. It is a small bird the size of an English sparrow. The male is of a brownish gray with a purple or rather a carmine sheen on the end of the feathers of the neck, head and back. The female is a light brownish gray. These little rascals are here now feeding on the flower buds of cherries, prunes and plums, and will continue their depredations until the fruit has set on the trees. When the cherries are in bloom these little rascals will still be busy snipping off the blossoms and biting off the embryo fruit, and then dropping the blossom. Half a dozen of these birds in a cherry tree will soon cover the ground under it with a white coat of blossoms. They always take the best or terminal buds. What can we do about it? We have tried spraying with lime sulphur. We can't poison them with arsenate of lead at this time because that would kill our best friends, the bees, who interpollinate the fruits. Killing a few with a 22-rifle or a very small bore shot-gun and No. 10 shot and hanging the carcasses in the tree is about the only recourse. They have done us at least \$50.00 damage so far this winter.

If you want to see a sample of their destructiveness go to the News-Record office and look at a branch taken this date from one of our cherry trees. Stephen J. Harneling.

WASHINGTON STATE NEWS OF INTEREST

Important Occurrences of Past Week Briefly Compiled for Our Readers.

James H. Naylor, prominent Everett jurist, passed away in that city Monday.

A well-defined case of the so-called "sleeping sickness" has developed at Deer Park.

In 1919 there were approximately 2900 divorces granted in King county superior courts.

After five years of intermittent prosperity and hardship, the flimsy business at Spokane came to an end January 1.

Seattle's milk supply is being investigated by the federal government for possible violations of the Lever food control act.

An American Legion campaign at Walla Walla for new members came to a close with 294 names added, making a total of 539.

After 60 years' residence in Walla Walla county, Thomas Glikerson, aged 83, died at his farm home a few miles east of Walla Walla.

Union shoe repairers walked out at Seattle when demands for a 44-hour week and \$1-an-hour pay scale were turned down by shop owners.

Talbot Bright was killed when an automobile in which he was bringing a party to town from a dance near Colfax went over an embankment.

A gain of \$200,000,000 in Tacoma bank transactions during the past year is shown by figures made public by the Tacoma Clearing House association.

Governor Louis F. Hart appointed Dr. James Tate Mason of Seattle to succeed Dr. H. H. McCarthy, of Spokane as a member of the state board of health.

Charles A. Fleming, mayor of Spokane in 1916 and 1917, was again chosen mayor and president of the city council at the reorganization of the council.

Frank Hunt of Walla Walla was appointed principal cadet to West Point military academy by Representative Summers to succeed Verne Jackson of Lacrosse, resigned.

The Vancouver post of the American Legion has invited General Pershing to attend a reception in his honor at the time of his official inspection of Vancouver barracks.

During 1919, 2600 marriage licenses were issued in Vancouver, most of them to couples from Oregon and other states. This is the greatest number ever issued in that city in one year.

Because of refusal to abide by the society's by-laws, nearly a score of prominent Spokane physicians and surgeons are about to be expelled from the Spokane County Medical society.

Harvey Danlap, a logger, suffered amputation of both feet at an Aberdeen hospital as a result of the recent cold spell. He got his feet wet and before he could reach camp they were frozen.

The federal land bank of Spokane distributed \$100,000 in dividends to farm associations in Oregon, Washington, Idaho and Montana during 1919, besides paying all its own expenses.

Beavers are causing much damage to orchards in the Touchet section. One orchardist claims he has suffered damages thus far this season amounting to \$500 in fruit trees they have gnawed down.

Charles W. Rogers, 27, of Kellogg, Idaho, died at Vancouver after being shot by Police Officer P. E. Helton, when he was trying to escape and as he was pulling a 45-caliber revolver to shoot Helton.

Clark V. Savidge, state land commissioner, announces his determination not to be a candidate for governor in the republican primary in September, preferring a second term as land commissioner.

Chances for the five-mile dam project on Snake river are bright, according to C. F. Stinson of Pasco, a member of the five-mile committee. The project has been planned to irrigate about 150,000 acres.

A permanent injunction forbidding John Grady and sixty-six other alleged Industrial Workers of the World from any further activities in connection with the organization, was granted by Superior Judge R. M. Webster at Spokane.

At a meeting of the Wenatchee Valley Traffic association it was decided to employ a salaried manager for the next two years who will devote all of his time to looking after the interests of the fruit industry of north central Washington.

Decrease of 25 per cent in the number of cases of feeble-mindedness and epilepsy during the next 20 years as a result of prohibition was predicted by Dr. S. C. Woodruff, superintendent of the state custodial school at Medical Lake, in a summary of last year's work at the institution.

Between 6000 and 8000 men are employed in the logging camps of Grays Harbor, although the car shortage has put many of them out of employment.

A group of bondholders has started suit against the Wenatchee Valley Gas & Electric company, asking for \$254,000 and interest on a general amortization.

Under present conditions it costs the farmer who operates 240 acres within a radius of six miles of Pullman approximately \$1.91 a bushel to raise 40-bushel wheat, according to figures compiled by Dean E. C. Johnson of the state college.

After a five-day trip up Mount Rainier, 116 mountaineers of Seattle, Eugene, Yakima, Everett and Tacoma, returned and left for their respective homes. A few members of the Mazama of Oregon and the Sierras of California were in the party.

An idea originating with the Central Labor council of Pasco which now promises to be carried to a successful conclusion is the establishment of a social club to include the entire city. Committees from the various organizations of the city are at work on the details.

Workmen have begun clearing the ground for the erection of a new fish hatchery at Chinook, which the Washington fisheries department will build to replace the one now in operation there. The new building will have a capacity of 4,000,000 salmon eggs annually, nearly twice the capacity of the old plant.

Mayor T. C. Rogers and Glenn Norman, superintendent of the city light department of Centralia, have returned from Clarkston, where they inspected a power plant owned by the Washington-Idaho Light & Power company, and which it proposes to install at Centralia for the Sherman county Light & Power company.

Edwin G. Ames, Seattle shipbuilder, was appointed by Governor Hart as a member of the state industrial code commission to succeed William Short, president of the state federation of labor, resigned. The commission now consists of W. L. Dimmick, Yakima;

John Pattison, Spokane; D. H. Evans, H. A. Moore and Mr. Ames, Seattle. O. S. Larsen, vice-president of the Scandinavian-American bank at Tacoma, has presented to the state a life-size portrait of the late Governor Lister. The picture is the work of Sprague Hathaway, Boston (Mass.) artist, and will hang beside the portraits of other governors in the executive room of the capitol building at Olympia.

The 11 alleged I. W. W. accused of the murder of Lieutenant Warren O. Grimm at Centralia, November 11, will not be tried at Montesano. This was announced by Superior Judge John M. Wilson after hearing arguments by George F. Vanderveer, attorney for the defense, for change of venue. It is thought probable the trial will be transferred to Olympia.

About 35,000,000 feet more lumber was shipped last year from Grays Harbor by water than the previous year, according to figures compiled. Exclusive of December, which was one of the largest months of the year, figures for which are not yet fully made up, shipments totalled 25,414,700 feet. Approximately 35 million feet were shipped during December.

Final estimates of the grain, potato and hay crops in Washington indicate a total area of 2,315,000 acres with a production valued at \$161,095,900, as reported by G. S. Ray, field agent for the federal bureau of crop estimates. The area this year exceeds that of 1918 by 150,000 acres while the aggregate value of the crops is more than \$44,000,000 greater than last year.

A new irrigation project has been put forward with every prospect of success, according to the backers, who say that if the application for water rights is approved, the sale of the bonds to eastern capitalists is certain. The plan is to tap the Touchet river at holes and carry the water through a 12-foot canal down the Touchet valley and onto the lower Eureka flat. About 72,000 acres of land are to be irrigated. The cost of the improvement is estimated at \$2,000,000.

In an effort to relieve the car shortage which is crippling the lumber business in the northwest, a large number of cars have been allocated for immediate service on the three transcontinental lines terminating at Seattle. W. C. Kendall, director of car service of the railroad administration, told the Washington congressional delegation. Northwest mills, Mr. Kendall said, have outgrown railroad facilities, and there is little likelihood that the production of the mills can be handled under the present rail conditions.

Unless the commission appointed to examine wages and conditions in the coal industry comes to an immediate settlement of the dispute between officials of district ten, U. M. W. A., and the Wilkeson Coal and Coke company over the company's decision to operate its mine at Wilkeson on an open shop basis, the issue will be made a national one "which may result in the repudiation of the settlement between the government and miners," Robert H. Marlin, president of district ten, said at Seattle.

Electric Power for Pumping

CHEAP, Small Power Needed. CLEAN, No Odor, No Grease. RELIABLE, Always Ready. EASY to Operate, a Woman or Child Can Run It, Simply Close the Switch.

If you live near a power line let us give you an estimate and such other information as you may desire FREE.

Vashon Light & Power Co.

Phone Black 21

What Gus Brown Says:--

CHARACTER IN CLOTHES

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Complete Lines of Shoes, Hats and Furnishings

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W. W. CRENSHAW Telephone Main 5217 P. C. BLOXOM

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WHOLESALE

FRUITS AND PRODUCE

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HATFIELD'S OYSTER AND CHOP HOUSE

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214 Union Street, between 2nd and 3rd Aves.

Rheumatism

THE WAY TO GET RID OF IT IS TO REMOVE THE CAUSE

Why should you continue to suffer from this affliction when KAR-RU, the great constitutional remedy, is available. KAR-RU goes to the very root of the trouble, eradicates the cause and restores the system to health and order; 30 days' treatment \$2.00. Go to your druggist today and get the remedy, or we will supply you.

Kar-Ru Chemical Co., Tacoma, Wash.

DR. EDWIN J. BROWN D. D. S.

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Seattle's Leading DENTIST at First Ave. & Columbia

Get a \$35 set of teeth for \$20, or a \$25 set for \$15. These prices include extracting without pain



KING COUNTY FERRY SYSTEM

Schedule of Passenger and Freight Rates

SEATTLE, VASHON HEIGHTS, HARPER ROUTE

Table with columns for routes (Seattle to Vashon, Vashon to Harper) and rows for various modes of transport (Single Trip, Commutation, Freight Rates, Automobiles, Trucks, Wagons, Motorcycles, Livestock, Freight) with corresponding rates.

Table showing departure times for SEATTLE-VASHON ISLAND-HARPER routes. Includes times for Seattle, Vashon Island, and Harper.



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Take For 2 Lessons STEVENS Way of Teaching Little Cost. Private Hall. Try and Credit. Young Lady Assistants 1523 4th Ave. Main 3911 Member Dancing Teachers Ass'n., New York

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STEAMER VASHON Tacoma-Quartermaster Route. Table with columns for LEAVE and ARRIVE times for various destinations.

WINTER SCHEDULE PORTAGE-DES MOINES FERRY In Effect Oct. 15, 1919. Table with columns for LEAVE PORTAGE and LEAVE DES MOINES.

SUNDAY SCHEDULES STRANER VIRGINIA III FOR LANDINGS ON WEST PASS. Table with columns for LEAVE Tacoma for Seattle and Way Pointe, Saturday, 7 P. M. Leave, Sunday, Seattle.

Leave Seattle Daily 5:00 P. M. SUNDAY SCHEDULES. Table with columns for LEAVE Seattle and ARRIVE times for various destinations.

Tobacco Habit Dangerous

says Doctor Cozner, formerly of Johns Hopkins hospital. Thousands of men suffering from fatal diseases would be in perfect health to-day were it not for the deadly drug Nicotine. Stop the habit now before it's too late. It's a sin; a process to rid yourself of the tobacco habit in any form. Just go to any up-to-date drug store and get some Nicotol tablets; take them as directed and in the perilous habit quickly vanishes. Druggists refund the money if they fail. Be sure to read large and interesting announcement by Doctor Cozner soon to appear in this paper. It tells of the danger of nicotine poisoning and how to avoid it. In the meantime try Nicotol tablets; you will be surprised at the result. Nicotol is sold by druggists everywhere under an iron-clad money-back guarantee. Your druggist has it or can get it for you from any wholesale druggist.

DON'T FORGET US When you need anything in the line of neat and attractive Printing.

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THE UNIVERSAL CAR

We have a number of
Used Fords For Sale

These cars have been thoroughly overhauled and are in A-1 condition.
Very Reasonable

We do repair work of all kinds.
Bring your car here.

ALLISON'S GARAGE
T. B. Allison, Prop.
On Ferry Dock, Portage, Wash.
Phone Red 1172

Van Olinda had decided to build a new home on his Heights tract this spring, as it would make a fine residence property.

Mr. Snyder, who is living on the Cowley property, will start a milk route at the Heights the fifth of this month—so look out for the milk wagon.

Mrs. Wilson has returned home from Akron, Ohio.

Mr. Glen Morgan spent the week in the city attending the D. E. Fryer convention. Mr. Morgan and Margaret were the guests of Mrs. Fryer.

Selden Strong who has been spending the Xmas vacation with his parents, has returned to Moran School.

Mr. Chas. Blue is employed spreading embers over the West trail to Dolphin Point, which will make this a fine wet weather pathway. Mr. West believes in good roads and paths, both of which are greatly needed.

Mr. G. N. Geiger is about the most industrious person residing at the Heights, as he is always working when the rest of us get up in the morning, and he is generally busy on the wood pile when we fall asleep. If we were all like him the North End would be shy most of its stumps. But it appears most of us need the sleep.

The North End folks have been expecting to see smoke rolling from the chimney of Thad Neese's new fireplace not later than next Sunday, but it is doubtful of realization now. Anyway, Shorty Neese is the proud owner of a "houn-dawg" which Santa Claus left for her.

Mr. W. O. Cook was a Seattle visitor this week.

Mr. Alex Brebner left a few days ago for an extended visit with friends at Victoria, B. C.

Mr. and Mrs. Thad Neese and family report a very enjoyable time in the city during the holidays.

Mr. Vernon Ramsey intends soon to close a deal for a five acre tract on which he expects to erect a home.

as Mr. Beall's tract fronts the water, and there are some of us in the background, so here's hoping Mr. Beall!

Mr. Elmer Harmeling is a very busy man these days as he is the official census taker. Possibly his Tin Lizzie is in on the deal fifty-fifty.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Bonnell returned from a trip to Southern California last Thursday. They report that they had a wonderful trip.

Mr. J. A. Corbin has nearly completed his work upon the Charles Pinkham home. This improvement is a great credit to the North End.

Mr. E. W. Lindley has been doing some street work this past week for the Vashon Land Co. Mr. Lindley expects to erect a concrete block dwelling this coming summer on his property at the Heights.

The North End people would welcome the news that Mr. O. S.

VASHON HEIGHTS

Albert Corbin called on the folks at home last Sunday.

We expect to see a fine new home on the C. E. Bragg property soon.

Master Jack Leslie spent last Friday night with his mother in the city.

Mr. Chas. Taylor has built a nifty little bungalow on the West tract at the Heights.

Mr. Ernest Lindley has a contract on the Pinkham property, remodeling a room or two.

The Dysart sisters will erect a fine home this coming June on their newly acquired property at the North End.

Mrs. Leekly and daughters Mary, Virginia and Georgie were the guests on Sunday of Mr. and Mrs. Petley of Seattle.

Mr. Chas Taylor and Mr. Vernon Ramsey will plant ten acres of strawberries on the F. W. West tract on the North End this Spring.

It is reported that Mr. Sloan Randolph will leave in a few days for Spokane, Wash. He is a much needed man around these parts, so we hope he will make his trip short.

We understand that Mr. L. C. Beall expects to clear a five acre tract at the North End, which will improve property immensely.

Washington—Study of the subject has convinced officials here that President Wilson may issue the call for the first meeting of the council of the league of nations, without committing the United States government to participation in the league. In accordance with that view necessary preliminary steps have been taken. It is understood, to permit President Wilson to comply with the requirement of the treaty that he issue the formal call.

Low Wears Stockings to Keep Off Flies.
Joe Herman of Alton, Ill., has put stockings on his cow. Herman's cow, bothered by flies, had kicked over so many buckets of milk at 14 cents a quart that the owner grew desperate. So he cut off the feet of stockings and used rubber bands for garters.

"Shake Well Before Using"

These words on one of our bottles doesn't signify that we have been careless in compounding your prescription. It is simply a case of the physician having found it necessary to prescribe an insoluble drug in a liquid preparation. It must be shaken before a dose is poured out so that the patient will get the required portion of the insoluble drug.

Write us fully regarding your wants and we'll render you high-class service.

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Elliot 49

Do You Know—

—That every food requirement of the human body is contained in a baked loaf of bread?

Bread contains flour, water, milk, sugar, yeast, salt and fats, and each of these include elements essential to energy and nutrition.

Insist on the bread from the finest bakery in the Northwest—the Seattle Baking Company's famous

Butter Nut and Holsum Bread



Hotel Burton

Mrs. C. E. Ingebretson, Prop.

Meals Served at Reasonable Prices

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BURTON, WASH.

NOTICE OF SALE OF STATE LANDS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That on Tuesday, the 2nd day of February, A. D. 1920 between the hours of ten o'clock in the forenoon and four o'clock in the

afternoon, commencing at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, in front of the main entrance door to the County Court House in the city of Seattle, county of King, State of Washington, either by the County Auditor of said county or by a member of the Board of State Land Commissioners of the State of Washington, the following described state lands, together with the improvements situated thereon, will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder therefor to-wit:

APPLICATION NO. 7740

All tide lands of the second class, as defined by section 1 of chapter 38 of the Session Laws of 1911, owned by the State of Washington, situate in front of, adjacent to or abutting upon the following described uplands:

In front of that part of lot 1, section 29, township 22 north, range 2 east, W. M., measured along the meander line as follows:

Beginning at the meander corner to fractional sections 17 and 29, township 22 north, range 2 east, W. M., and running thence S. 47° E. 54 chains 8. 62 1/2 E. 10.58 chains and N. 56 1/2 E. 4.19 chains to the true point of beginning of the described state lands, thence S. 56 1/2 E. 4.23 chains to the terminal point of the description, with a frontage of 8.33 lineal chains, appraised at \$19.00 per lineal chain, or \$157.40; also

In front of that part of lots 2 and 3, section 29, township 22 north, range 2 east, W. M., measured along the meander line as follows:

Beginning at the meander corner to fractional sections 17 and 29, township 22 north, range 2 east, W. M., and running thence S. 47° E. 54 chains 8. 62 1/2 E. 10.58 chains and N. 56 1/2 E. 4.19 chains to the true point of beginning of the described state lands, thence S. 56 1/2 E. 4.23 chains to the terminal point of the description, with a frontage of 8.33 lineal chains, appraised at \$19.00 per lineal chain, or \$157.40.

All as measured along the meander line according to a certified copy of the government field notes of the survey thereof on file in the office of the Commissioner of Public Lands at Olympia, Washington.

Said lands will be sold for not less than the appraised value above stated and upon the terms and conditions following:

Terms and Conditions of Sale.—Not less than one-tenth of the purchase price must be paid at the time of sale to the officer making the sale. The purchaser, if he be not the owner of the improvements, must forthwith pay to the officer making the sale the full amount of the appraised value of the improvements, as above stated. One-tenth of the purchase price must be paid annually thereafter with interest on all deferred payments at the rate of six per centum per annum, together with accrued interest on any balance at the same rate. Provided, that any purchaser may make full payment of principal, interest and statutory fees at any time, and obtain deed of state patent. The purchaser of land containing timber or other valuable materials is prohibited by law from cutting or removing any such timber or other material without first obtaining consent of the Commissioner of Public Lands or the board, until the full amount of the purchase price has been paid and deed issued.

All sales of state lands are made subject to the reservations of oil, gas, coal, ore, minerals and fossils of every name, kind and description, and to the additional terms and conditions prescribed in the act of the legislature approved March 29, 1917, being section 3 of chapter 226 of the laws of 1917.

Said land will be sold subject to the terms, conditions and reservations of chapter 199 of the Session Laws of 1914, and an order of sale duly issued and certified by the Commissioner of Public Lands of the State of Washington now on file in the office of the county auditor of said county.

CLARK V. SAVIDGE,
Commissioner of Public Lands.
Date of first publication, Dec. 25, 1919.
Date of last publication, Jan. 29, 1920.

NOTICE OF SALE OF STATE LANDS

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APPLICATION NO. 10647

S.E. 1/4 of S.E. 1/4 of section 16, township 22 north, range 3 east, W. M., containing 40 acres, more or less, according to the government survey thereof, appraised at \$1,200.00. Improvements appraised at \$1,200.00.

Said lands will be sold for not less than the appraised value above stated and upon the terms and conditions following:

Terms and Conditions of Sale.—Not less than one-tenth of the purchase price must be paid at the time of sale to the officer making the sale. The purchaser, if he be not the owner of the improvements, must forthwith pay to the officer making the sale the full amount of the appraised value of the improvements, as above stated. One-tenth of the purchase price must be paid annually thereafter with interest on all deferred payments at the rate of six per centum per annum, together with accrued interest on any balance at the same rate. Provided, that any purchaser may make full payment of principal, interest and statutory fees at any time and obtain deed of state patent. The purchaser of land containing timber or other valuable materials is prohibited by law from cutting or removing any such timber or material without first obtaining consent of the Commissioner of Public Lands or the board, until the full amount of the purchase price has been paid and deed issued.

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Date of first publication, Dec. 25, 1919.
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Old Shoes Made New

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On Fine Shoe Repairing
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Repairing for less than up town prices
Guaranteed Grand Trunk Dock
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By G. M. Hawkins, M. D.

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A beginning for those who desire to become students of themselves.
35c Postpaid

Sunset Monument Co.

Buy From the Factory

2727 First Ave. So., Seattle, Wash.
Opposite Sears, Roebuck

Corn Husker Reaps from 25 Acres Per Day



That necessity is the mother of invention has long been an established fact, but it is being proved anew in regard to the agriculturist and the "hired man." Here is the newest, a corn-husking machine which will husk from 24 to 30 acres per day. Farmers find it almost impossible to get efficient help, but the farmer with a grown son or daughter who can operate a gas engine can clean up a big job in just a few days. Or even with limited help, this machine makes possible larger fields in the future.

HOME SWEET HOME

BY GOLLIER THAT'S SOME SWEATER THE WIFE WANTED FOR MY CHRISTMAS BELIEVE I'LL PUT IT ON!!

Oboy! FEEL GOOD TO GET INSIDE A SWEATER AGAIN! FOOT BALLY!!

YEH-BO!!

SIG-NAL!!!

HEY WOMAN, CAST YER OPAL OPTICS ON THAT ARM AND—

SAY—IF YOU FEELING THAT STRONG YOU CAN DRAPE YOURSELF AROUND THE TEA TOWEL AND DRY A FEW DISHES

COMMON DUD!!—STICK UP YER DUVES!!

THEY JUST FIGHT YOU TEN ROUNDS

BONE-SIDE WEIGHT—I WANNA SHOW

DONALD WHAT A HARD BOILED EGG—HIS BAD USE TO BE

by Jack Wilson

IT'S FUNNY HOW A NEW SWEATER MAKES YOU FEEL STRONG

Illustration of a man and a woman in a domestic setting, with speech bubbles containing humorous dialogue.

EVENTS OF 1919 PASSED IN REVIEW

World Found Great Difficulty in Returning From War to Peace Conditions.

MAKING THE GERMAN TREATY

Europe in State of Ferment, While the United States Was Struggling With Grave Industrial and Economic Problems.

By DONALD F. BIGGS.

After nearly five years of frightful warfare, in which all of the great powers and many of the smaller nations had been involved, the world found it difficult to return to anything like normal conditions during the year 1919. While the armistice which was signed in the closing weeks of 1918 brought a cessation of hostilities between the two groups of nations that had been engaged in the great struggle, it did not bring peace to all the peoples involved. Technically the world still was at war throughout practically all of the year just closed as the peace treaty which was framed in Paris after months of negotiation could not be made fully effective until ratified by the great powers and formally promulgated by the peace conference. Failure of the United States senate to ratify the treaty, because of opposition to the covenant of the League of Nations, which was made a part of the peace treaty, prevented the formal declaration of peace until more than a year after the armistice was signed.

Internal disorders and territorial disputes arising from the establishment of many new nations kept a large part of Europe in turmoil. Such a complete remaking of the map of Europe as resulted from the great war naturally could not be accomplished without friction. The great empire of Austria-Hungary had fallen to pieces with the defeat of the central powers and out of the wreckage new states arose. These new nations—Austria, Hungary, Poland and the Czech and Yugoslav states—could not establish their new boundaries without friction among themselves and with their neighbors. The new government of Germany, which had been transformed into a republic, was striving to maintain itself against the attacks of radical elements. Russia was torn by civil strife, with half a dozen groups fighting for the mastery. At times world peace seemed still far off, but as the year passed conditions became more settled and it seemed probable that with the formal promulgation of the peace treaty the chaos into which Europe had been thrown would pass.

In the United States conditions were not so unsettled as in the nations that had been longer engaged in the war, but here, as in Europe, the transition from a war to a peace basis was not easy. New industrial problems had been created. The high cost of living caused labor to make insistent and repeated demands for higher wages and resulted in numerous strikes among all classes of workers. Radical leaders took advantage of the unrest that existed to recruit their forces and they became so active that the constituted authorities of the nation finally found it necessary to take determined steps to suppress disloyal propaganda.

The Making of Peace.

The first steps toward the organization of the peace congress were taken on January 12 when the supreme war council members of which were President Wilson and Secretary Lansing of the United States, and the premiers and foreign ministers of Great Britain, France and Italy, together with Marshal Foch and military representatives of the several powers, began actual consideration of the terms of peace to be imposed upon the central powers. The peace congress itself, without delegates from the defeated powers or Russia, met in the ministry of foreign affairs at Paris on January 18. President Wilson proposed Premier Clemenceau for permanent chairman of the conference and the delegates elected him by unanimous vote. It was determined at the beginning that only the five great belligerent powers, the United States, Great Britain, France, Italy and Japan, should take part in all meetings of the conference and commission to be appointed; that other belligerent and associated powers should participate only in meetings at which questions concerning them were to be discussed.

As the representatives of the many belligerent nations entered upon the task of bringing peace to the world Europe was in turmoil. Poland was being reconstituted and the fixing of her boundaries gave rise to many controversies between the Poles and surrounding peoples. The question of whether a League of Nations should be created as a means of preventing future wars was one of the first to be taken up by the peace conference. On January 25 the conference formally declared in favor of the establishment of a League of Nations, and a commission, of which President Wilson was chairman, was appointed to prepare a definite plan. The League of Nations commission held its first meeting on February 3 and on February 14 President Wilson read and explained to the peace conference a draft of the constitution for the League of Nations. The plan provided for an executive council to be composed of representatives of nine nations and for an inter-

national secretariat. It was provided that decisions of the executive council should be enforced, if necessary, by the prevention of all financial, commercial or personal intercourse between the nation failing to abide by the decision and all other member states of the League of Nations.

On the same day that he presented this plan to the peace conference President Wilson called for the United States to attend the closing sessions of congress at Washington. Opposition to the incorporation of the League of Nations covenant in the peace treaty already had developed in this country and President Wilson, upon his return, delivered an address at Boston in which he emphasized the necessity of the United States taking a leading part in the organization of the League of Nations.

Meantime the peace conference was endeavoring to reach a solution of several other vexing problems. A bitter dispute had arisen between Italy and the new Yugoslavia state as to the possession of the eastern coast of the Adriatic. The Italians demanded possession of the city of Fiume on the ground that its population was largely Italian, while the Yugoslavs maintained that possession of this port was essential if their newly organized nation was to have access to the sea.

The Japanese delegates also gave an early indication of their attitude by insisting upon Japan's right to retain the Marshall and Caroline Islands, which she had taken from Germany.

President Wilson returned to Paris after spending little more than a week in the United States. With his arrival in France on March 14 the peace conference began consideration of recommendations by various committees, and the peace treaty began to take definite shape.

On March 24 the council of ten which had been considering the chief problems before the peace conference was replaced by a council of four, consisting of President Wilson and Premiers Lloyd-George, Clemenceau and Orlando. From that time up to the actual signing of the peace treaty all of the problems arising were disposed of by this council of four, in which, at times, the premier of Japan also participated.

The revised covenant of the League of Nations was presented at a plenary session of the peace conference on April 28. President Wilson, as chairman of the commission which framed the covenant, explained the changes that had been made, mostly as a result of criticism in the United States. One of the most important of the amendments made was that providing that the covenant should not affect existing understandings for maintaining peace. While it was not so stated specifically, this amendment was designed to prevent the League of Nations covenant from interfering with the Monroe doctrine. The revised covenant was adopted by the unanimous vote of the peace conference.

On April 30 the council of four, which by this time had been reduced to a council of three by the withdrawal of the Italians, agreed to transfer to Japan the German possession of Kiau-Chau. The Chinese delegation objected strenuously to this settlement, although Japan agreed ultimately to restore the territory to China. On May 5 the council determined that Great Britain and her colonies and dominions should become mandatory for the islands north of the equator.

By May 8 the treaty had finally been completed and on that date it was presented to the German plenipotentiaries at Versailles. The pact, while it represented chiefly the deliberations of the council of four, had been adopted by a conference in which 27 allied and associated powers were represented. At the same time it was announced that President Wilson and Premier Lloyd George had negotiated treaties with France providing that the United States and Great Britain would come immediately to the assistance of France in case of any future unprovoked attack by Germany. When the peace treaty was submitted to the Germans the Italian delegates were present, having returned to Paris in response to an invitation extended by President Wilson and Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau.

The German delegates were not permitted to discuss the peace treaty with the conference but were given fifteen days in which to submit their reply in writing. Announcement of the terms of the treaty caused a storm in Germany. The terms were denounced by President Ebert of Germany as being the most severe ever imposed upon a vanquished people. Several communications requesting changes in the treaty were submitted by the German delegates and these were given consideration by the council of five. As a result some parts of the treaty were made more lenient toward Germany.

The revised terms were presented to Count Brockdorff-Rantzau, head of the German delegation on June 16 and the Germans were given seven days in which to sign. The German national assembly on June 22, by a vote of 237 to 133, authorized the government to sign the treaty. On June 28 the treaty was signed at Versailles by representatives of Germany and of the allied and associated powers. The Chinese delegates alone refused to sign because of the Shantung settlement.

On June 29 President Wilson called from France and returned to the United States after an absence of more than six months. On July 16 he presented the treaty to the senate and there, as usual, developed bitter opposition to its adoption without change or reservation. On September 10 Senator Lodge submitted the majority report of the com-

mittee on foreign relations, proposing amendments and four reservations to the peace treaty. Senator Hitchcock presented a minority report, recommending the adoption of the treaty without reservation. There began then a determined fight between the opposing forces in the senate, which ended finally in a deadlock that prevented the ratification of the treaty either with or without reservations.

President Wilson had continued to combat every suggestion of a change in the treaty or the covenant of the League of Nations and in an effort to force its ratification had undertaken an extensive tour of the country, beginning on September 4. After delivering more than forty speeches throughout the West he broke down under the strain and was forced to return to the White House. His condition was regarded as very serious, and he was unable to take a leading part in the battle for the treaty when the contest reached its climax. The president still insisted, however, upon the adoption of the treaty without reservations, and when the question came to a final vote in the senate on November 19 the Democratic minority, aided by a number of Republicans opposed to the league in any form, defeated the majority resolution of the Republicans, which would have carried with it the reservations adopted by the senate. Senator Hitchcock thereupon offered a resolution providing for ratification of the treaty without reservations, and this, in turn, was defeated, a number of Democratic senators voting with the Republicans. With a compromise between the opposing groups apparently impossible, the senate adjourned.

In the meantime the peace treaty had been ratified by the other great allied nations and by many of the smaller nations that had been engaged in the war against Germany.

Foreign Affairs.

While the treaty was being negotiated conditions remained very unsettled not only in the territory which had been included in the four defeated nations but throughout Europe. Russia continued in a state of turmoil throughout the year. Although the bolshevik government under the direction of Lenin and Trotsky maintained its control over a large part of the former empire it was hemmed in on all sides by opposing groups which attacked it with varying success. The newly constituted nation of Poland was beset for a time on all sides, but it, too, succeeded in weathering the storm and had established a stable government before many months had passed.

Failure to reach a settlement of the Fiume question continually threatened an armed conflict between the Italians and the new Yugoslavia state. Serious conditions existed in Hungary both because of internal disorders and because of clashes with Rumania and with the new Czech government.

In Germany a split among the German socialist leaders resulted on January 7 in serious street fighting. The government was seriously threatened, but on January 9 its troops in Berlin were re-enforced and regained control of the situation. On January 16 Dr. Carl Liebknecht, leader of the Spartacists, or anti-government faction, was killed while attempting to escape after arrest in Berlin. His companion, Rosa Luxemburg, long known as a radical leader both in Germany and Russia, was killed by a mob. Disorders in Germany were suppressed and on January 19 the people elected a national assembly, the majority socialists led by Chancellor Ebert retaining control. The assembly met a fortnight on January 6 and on February 11 elected Chancellor Ebert as first president of the German republic, after adopting a provisional constitution. In Poland opposing factions reached an agreement on January 17 whereby Ignacy Jan Paderewski became premier, with General Pilsudski as foreign minister and M. Demotowicz as president.

Opposition to Japanese control had been developing rapidly in Korea and on March 12 Korean nationalists issued a declaration of independence, declaring themselves ready to "fight to the last drop of blood." Serious disorders also were reported in Egypt in support of the national demand for autonomy and on March 25 the British secretary for war, Mr. Churchill, admitted that the whole of Egypt was virtually in a state of insurrection.

On March 16 a new Germano-Austrian government was established at Vienna with Doctor Renner as chancellor. Count Karolyi had been made president of the new Hungarian republic on January 11, but on March 22 he was forced to resign and there was constituted a new government which proclaimed a dictatorship of the proletariat and an alliance with the Russian soviet government.

A ministerial crisis arose in Italy as a result of the government's policy in connection with the peace conference. As a result the ministry of Premier Orlando was unexpectedly overthrown on June 10 and two days later Francesco Nitti, former minister of finance, became premier of Italy. At the same time the German cabinet resigned because of the determination of Chancellor Scheidemann not to recognize the peace terms offered by the allies. Gustav Adolph Bauer, former minister of labor, was appointed chancellor by President Ebert and formed a new cabinet. A clash between the new German government and the allies was threatened on June 21 when the German fleet which had been interned in British waters under the armistice was scuttled by German crews. Twenty battleships and cruisers being sunk.

On August 1 Bela Kun, who for four or five months had been dictator in Hungary, was compelled to retire when

socialists seized control of the government.

The situation in Ireland where the Sinn Fein continued its efforts to establish a republic grew more serious as the year advanced. Repeated disorders occurred and on September 12 Viscount French, lieutenant governor of Ireland, prohibited further meetings of the so-called Irish parliament. Many arrests were made by the military. The fighting in Russia had continued without decided advantage to any group until on October 25 the force commanded by General Yudenitch, advancing against the bolsheviks, reached a point within fifteen miles of Petrograd.

While other problems growing out of the war were being settled, the question of the disposal of Fiume continued to cause trouble. On September 13 Gabriele d'Annunzio, the Italian soldier-poet, entered Fiume at the head of several thousand soldiers and took control of the port in defiance of the Italian and allied military authorities. On September 19 the representatives of the great powers handed a peace treaty to Bulgaria. Under this treaty western Thrace was taken from Bulgaria, her army was reduced to 20,000, and she was required to pay \$445,000,000 as reparation for damages done by her armies. Reverses for all of the forces opposing the bolsheviks were reported in November. On the 15th General Yudenitch was forced to retreat to the Estonian border and resigned command of the Russian northwest army. On the same day it was reported that the bolsheviks had captured Omsk, the seat of the Kolchak government. D'Annunzio created a still more serious situation for Italy when he seized Zara, Dalmatia, on November 14.

Domestic Affairs.

The return of the United States to a condition of peace was not accomplished easily. Unusual conditions existed and the people of the country were confronted with problems that had been unknown in the days before the war.

The adoption of nation-wide prohibition and the submission by congress of the constitutional amendment for complete woman's suffrage were important events of the year. Ratification of the national prohibition amendment came early in the year with a rapidity that surprised the nation. On January 29 the state department proclaimed the ratification of the amendment and set January 16, 1920, as the date when it would become effective.

On January 9 Attorney General Gregory tendered his resignation, to become effective March 4, and A. Mitchell Palmer was appointed to succeed him on February 27. On January 11 Walker D. Hines was appointed director general of railroads to succeed William G. McAdoo.

The government's first blow at the radicals during the year was delivered on January 8 when Congressman Victor L. Berger and four other socialist leaders were found guilty by a federal jury in Chicago of conspiring to interfere with the successful conduct of the war. On February 18 they were sentenced to 20 years' imprisonment.

On March 2 Herbert Hoover was appointed by the president to be director general of American relief among the population of Europe.

Because of the necessity for legislation to meet the new after-war conditions, President Wilson on May 7, by cable from Paris, called a special session of congress to convene May 19. On May 10 the campaign for the Victory Liberty loan, the last popular war loan, closed with a heavy oversubscription of the \$4,500,000,000 bond issue.

The special session of the Sixty-sixth congress opened on May 19 with the Republicans in control of both house and senate for the first time since 1912. The house of representatives was organized by the election of Congressman Gillett of Massachusetts as speaker. In the senate Senator Cummings of Iowa was elected president pro tem.

One of the first acts of the new house was to pass the woman suffrage amendment to the Constitution by a vote of 304 to 80. The amendment was again brought up in the senate on June 4 and this time was adopted by a vote of 56 to 25.

The activities of anarchistic elements were manifested on June 2 when bombs were exploded simultaneously at the residences of ten men in eight Eastern cities.

On July 1 the war-time emergency prohibition act went into effect and for the first time in history the sale of liquor was illegal throughout the United States. On July 12 President Wilson vetoed the agricultural appropriation bill because of a "rider" repealing the daylight saving law, when President Wilson vetoed this measure, both houses passed the bill over his veto on August 20.

The country was aroused during the summer by a series of race riots, the first of which occurred in Washington on July 21. Four persons were killed in the rioting at the capital. On July 27 the most serious race riots of the year began in Chicago. It was found necessary to call out state troops and a curfew order had been restored 33 persons had been killed and hundreds injured.

In recognition of the services which he rendered as commander-in-chief of the American expeditionary forces, General Pershing was made a general for life by act of congress. His commission was handed to him as he landed on September 8 at New York with the First division.

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The United States entertained a number of distinguished officials from abroad during the latter part of the year, including Cardinal Mercier of Belgium, King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium, and the prince of Wales.

During the closing weeks of the year a determined attack upon the war-time prohibition act held the attention of the country. On October 27 President Wilson vetoed the stringent prohibition enforcement bill passed by congress on the ground that the emergency for which the prohibition law had been enacted had passed. Congress immediately passed the bill over the president's veto and it became a law. Attacks were made upon the prohibition law in federal courts in all sections of the country and varying decisions were given. Appeal was taken to the United States Supreme court which on December 15 upheld the act.

Labor and Industrial.

Serious industrial disturbances were prevalent during the greater part of the year in all countries that had been engaged in war. The series of great strikes in the United States was inaugurated on January 9 by a walk-out of marine workers in New York. This strike was of short duration, however, as it ended on January 12, pending an arbitration of the dispute by the war labor board. South America apparently was affected also by new conditions as great strikes were in progress during January in Argentina and Peru.

On February 6 the country was startled by announcement of a general strike in Seattle called in support of striking shipbuilders. Authorities announced that this strike was forced by the radical labor element and prompt measures were taken by Mayor Ole Hanson to suppress it. As a result the strike ended on February 10. On February 16 a nation-wide strike of building trades workers was started and on March 4 the marine workers in New York again went out. On April 15 a strike of girl operators tied up the telephone service throughout the New England states, but this was ended on April 26 by a compromise wage increase.

On July 18 the Building Employers' association of Chicago, combating a strike of building workers, locked out 200,000 employees. On the same day Boston street car employees went on strike. Chicago surface and elevated car men struck on July 29 but the strike ended three days later with a compromise wage agreement. Railway shophmen throughout the country struck on August 1 for an increase from 63 cents to 85 cents an hour, but the strike was called off on August 14.

On August 7 there was inaugurated in New York one of the most unusual strikes on record—a walk-out of actors. The strike spread to Chicago and was not settled until September 5 when the actors won.

On September 9 the largest part of the Boston police force went on strike after the suspension of patrolmen active in forming a union. Rioting followed in which seven persons were killed. The striking policemen voted on September 12 to return to duty.

On September 22 steel workers throughout the country went on strike, demanding wage increases and shorter hours. Many plants were closed for a short time but the strikers soon weakened and within a few weeks practically normal conditions were restored.

On October 6 an industrial conference called by President Wilson, representing labor, capital and the public, opened its sessions in Washington, but after ineffectual attempts to agree upon a proposal to recognize the principle of collective bargaining, the labor members withdrew on October 22 and two days later the conference came to an end without having accomplished any result.

On October 15 bituminous coal miners were ordered to quit work on October 31 upon failure of the miners and operators to agree upon a new schedule of wages and hours. The leaders of the miners refused to consider an appeal by President Wilson to call off the strike, pending an effort to effect a compromise, and the government proceeded to take vigorous steps to prevent the shutting of the mines. The department of justice obtained an injunction from Federal Judge Anderson at Indianapolis to prevent the leaders of the union from directing the strike, which, however, began on November 1.

The shortage of coal, especially in the middle and western states, became alarming and the situation was rendered worse by a severe cold wave. The fuel administration and local commissions put into effect drastic orders for conservation of coal. President Wilson then proposed that the miners accept a wage increase of 10 per cent and return to work at once and that a commission of three to be

appointed by him investigate and settle wages and conditions for the future. This plan was accepted by the miners on December 10 and coal production was resumed.

Mexico and the United States.

Conditions in Mexico continued to provide a perplexing problem for the United States government during the year 1919.

A report on July 6 that armed Mexicans had attacked and robbed a boatload of American sailors near Tampico caused bitter feeling and on August 17 this was intensified by the capture of two United States army aviators by bandits, who held them for \$150,000 ransom. The ransom was paid by the United States government on August 19, and a troop of cavalry, accompanied by airplanes, crossed the border in search of the bandits. President Carranza demanded the withdrawal of the United States troops, but his demand was ignored. The punitive expedition attacked a bandit stronghold on August 21, killing four men, but on August 24 the pursuit was abandoned and the troops returned to the United States.

The relations between Mexico and the United States reached a crisis on November 19 when Secretary of State Lansing dispatched a note demanding the immediate unconditional release of William O. Jenkins, United States consular agent at Puebla, who had been arrested on charges of complicity with bandits who kidnaped him and held him for \$150,000 ransom. A few days later Jenkins was released on bail, but this did not relieve the strained relations.

Aeronautics.

As a result of the great development of aviation during the war, rapid progress was made during the year in the use of both dirigibles and heavier-than-air machines for commercial purposes.

On May 8 three United States navy seaplanes started from New York on the first trans-Atlantic flight by way of Halifax, N. S.; Trepassy Bay, Newfoundland, and the Azores. One of these machines, the NC-4 arrived at Lisbon, Portugal, on May 27, having completed the first flight across the Atlantic in actual flying time of 26 hours, 47 minutes from Newfoundland to Portugal. Fog caused the other two planes to lose their course.

Two British aviators, Harry G. Hawker and Lieutenant Commander Mackenzie Grieve, left Newfoundland on May 18 in the first attempt to cross the Atlantic, without stop. Engine trouble forced them to descend 850 miles from Ireland and the aviators were picked up by a passing vessel.

The first non-stop flight across the Atlantic was made on June 14 and 15 by Capt. John Alcock, British flyer, and Lieut. Arthur W. Brown, his American navigator, who covered the 1,900 miles from Newfoundland to Ireland in 16 hours and 12 minutes.

The British dirigible R-34, carrying 31 persons, started from Edinburgh on a trans-Atlantic flight to New York on July 2 and reached its destination on July 6. It made the return trip without mishap in three days and three hours.

Roland Rhoifs, in a Curtiss triplane, made a new altitude record on September 18 by ascending 34,610 feet.

A transcontinental airplane race was started simultaneously at San Francisco and New York on October 5 with 65 competitors. Five aviators were killed during this race. Lieut. Alexander Pearson was declared the winner.

On December 10 Capt. Ross Smith of Australia completed an airplane trip from England to Port Darwin, Australia, in 30 days.

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THE PEOPLE'S FORUM

JEALOUSY

In the lower animal world and among the feathered folk, jealousy is practically confined to the males. It kills the rival or gets killed by direct personal combat in the open on a fair field. In the so-called higher animal world, women are certainly as jealous as men. Here too the males kill by direct personal violence, sometimes everybody involved including others being murdered with revolting atrocity. But it is usually not in the open, and the field is rarely fair. As a rule women kill only their husbands when they want to marry other men, or the wives of other men when they want to marry their husbands. They generally do it by poison, often with devilish ingenuity and cruelty. It has been so in all history. Out of kindness we now call it insanity. Ordinarily they resort to scandal. The will stop at nothing to destroy the rivals, or the loved ones themselves when the rivals win. They will even defame themselves to do it, no matter how justly they have been treated. Well did Shakespeare term this passion "the green-eyed monster."

Every boy and girl should be made to understand these basic facts in human character, and every effort should be made to fortify them against the danger. Causing petty jealousies, or yielding to them, should be rated lower than petty larceny. The boy must be made to see that if persisted in, he will some day run amuck like a mad grizzly bear, or turn some woman into a poisoner or pole cat, or cause some man to slash and kill everybody in his path like a mad grizzly. But the education must be positive as well as negative. There must be a daily exercise in something which will be of absorbing interest, and which if kept up will eventually so dominate the heart life that jealousy simply cannot get into it. That something with boys is friendship. I defined it in this paper on October 2, last. It is the very antithesis of jealousy, neither claiming ownership nor demanding reciprocity. It is an easy thing for a father to do if he can exemplify the virtue, and has the capacity to inspire his boy with high ideals. They take it naturally, and can often do it alone, though the precept and example of a father or other friend are invaluable. But with girls it is another matter. They take naturally to jealousy, but not to friendship. And their mothers do not know how to teach it, for it is not one of the feminine graces. What to use in place of

friendship with girls and how to use it, I do not know. Furthermore, both boys and girls should be taught that friendship in its fine, true sense, is possible between a man and a woman, except where the woman is teacher, grandmother, aunt or mother, not always then. The mating moods and tensions or something else invariably develop a sense of ownership or a demand for reciprocity on one side or the other, and then the friendship is gone.

Robert A. Eaton.

HELD UP HER HANDS BUT FOILED ROBBERS



Marie Brockmeier, cashier in the First National Bank of a suburb of Cincinnati, put her hands in the air when six bank robbers started waving dangerous guns in all directions. But her feet were busy. She found a tiny button in the floor which sounded an alarm—a huge gang—to ringing. The robbers ran.

WORLD'S OLDEST MAN LIVES IN KAINTECK



Uncle John Shell of Leslie-co, Ky., has had his picture taken at last—age 132 years. He claims to be the world's oldest man—having been born in 1788. Newspaper photographers have snapped him recently—but this picture from a gallery at Louisville—is his first "regular" photo.

COLONEL BARROWS



Col. David P. Barrows, who has been installed as president of the University of California to succeed Benjamin Ide Wheeler.

HOOVER IS NOT IN PRESIDENTIAL RACE

Portland, Or.—Herbert Hoover will not be a candidate for the office of president of the United States, either under the banner of the democratic or the republican parties. Announcement to this effect is contained in a telegram received in Portland by Elton Watkins, president of the Jackson club.

In the same telegram Mr. Hoover declined to speak at the annual Jackson club banquet here.

The telegram from Mr. Hoover is as follows: "My engagements and connection with the industrial conference and with relief in Europe make it impossible for me to go to the northwest at present. Beyond this, please accept the sincerity of my statement that I am not a candidate for the presidency and a campaign to that end from any party would be entirely wrongly directed."

This is the first specific announcement made by Mr. Hoover concerning his attitude toward running for president.

BRIEF GENERAL NEWS

Traffic through the Panama canal in 1919 exceeded that of any previous year.

Gabrielle d'Annunzio's treasurer has fled from Fiume with a million francs, according to a report.

Wages of \$10 a day for journeymen bricklayers in San Francisco have been approved by the employers.

President Wilson has signed the McNary bill continuing the United States sugar equalization board through 1920.

The county recorder's books show that one of every three babies born in San Joaquin county, Cal., during 1919 was Japanese.

Secretary Alexander of the department of commerce estimates that the trade balance of the United States for the year 1919 will be approximately \$4,000,000,000.

The United States ranks second to Great Britain in the number of merchant vessels entering the port of Buenos Aires in 1919, Norway being third.

Howard Elliott, president of the Northern Pacific, declares that \$1,000,000,000 must be spent by the railroads of the United States within the next few years to provide first class passenger and freight facilities.

Naval Heroes to Be Sought

Washington.—Secretary Daniels has issued a call to the entire naval service designed to bring out full information as to acts of heroism or distinctive service by officers or men during the war which would justify the awarding of decorations.

855,911,195 Coins Made by Mints

Washington.—Mints of the United States establishing a new record during 1919 produced 855,911,195 coins for this and foreign governments. Director Baker of the mint bureau announced. The production in 1918 was 459,000,000.

Number of Working Children Increases

Washington.—An increase in the number of working children and a longer working day for children under 15 was the effect of the war on child labor, according to a statement issued by the department of labor.

American Gold Production Falls

Washington.—Gold production in the United States during 1919 was less by \$10,000,000 than the 1918 output, according to the statement by the bureau of the mines.

WILSON WILL NOT BUY CUBAN SUGAR

Power Conferred By Law Not to Be Used, As Supply is Held Sufficient.

Washington.—President Wilson has decided not to exercise powers conferred in the McNary sugar control bill authorizing purchase and distribution of the Cuban sugar crop, according to a statement issued at the White house.

The statement said the president had decided on the basis of facts presented for his consideration and the recommendation of the sugar equalization board that this power should not be exercised.

In a long statement announcing the president's decision, the declaration is made that apparently the available sugar supply is sufficient for American needs, "even on the present unnecessarily large basis of consumption," and notice is given that the power of price control through the licensing system, authorized by the bill, will be invoked if necessary in co-operation with the department of justice. Figures attached show that the estimated 1919 consumption in the United States was slightly more than 4,500,000 tons, of which normally only 1,000,000 tons was domestic production.

As the Cuban crop is unusually large, 4,800,000 tons, of which the allies, however, because of limited purchasing power, will take only about 1,250,000 tons, and as the estimated Louisiana, western beet, Hawaiian and Porto Rican production will reach 2,000,000 tons, the statement foresees a sufficient supply for American needs.

CURB FOR PARLOR BOLSHEVISTS ASKED

Washington.—Unable to prosecute the so-called parlor bolshevists, long-haired men and short-haired women, who encourage agitators and promote sedition as a pastime, Attorney General Palmer issued an appeal to congress for prompt action on the bill submitted by him several months ago which would strengthen the hands of the department of justice in dealing with American citizens considered dangerous to the nation.

Coming on the heels of the most successful nationwide raid on radicals ever made in this country, Mr. Palmer's statement was regarded with unusual interest by members of congress.

At least one of the men taken in the raids is a city official, and numerous others are natives or have taken out citizenship papers. It is those that Mr. Palmer desires to handle through the federal courts rather than to leave their punishment to state tribunals, and in the absence of a federal law he is unable to do so.

BODIES MAY BE MOVED

France Grants Permission for Transfer of 20,000 U. S. Dead.

Paris.—The French government has granted permission for the removal to the United States of the bodies of 20,000 American soldiers buried in France. The bodies to be removed are those buried in cemeteries outside the zone of the armies and do not include those gathered into big American cemeteries in the army zones.

It is understood that the policy of the American government will be to remove to the United States only those bodies requested by relatives.

These 20,000 bodies are scattered in 400 cemeteries, the largest two of which are at Brest, where there are about 3500 graves of men who died of influenza at Brest and on transports.

Congress Back on the Job

Washington.—Returning to work Monday after two weeks' holiday, congress faces one of the busiest sessions in its history. In addition to innumerable domestic matters there are international questions of far-reaching import that must be settled, including the treaty of peace with Germany and Austria. Adjournment was not expected before fall, and the only break in the long session that members can look forward to is the brief recess that will be taken coincident with the holding of the national party conventions in the summer.

Coal Output Picks Up

Washington.—Coal production is again sufficient to meet current requirements, according to the weekly report made public by Walker D. Hines, director-general of railroads.

Five Millions Loaned China

Washington.—The Pacific Development company of New York, including some of the principal banking institutions of that city, has advanced a \$5,000,000 loan to China.

The Stone-Fisher Co.

TACOMA

Beginning Monday

The Annual

Economy Sale of White

Offering Exceptional Values in Beautiful Undersilks and Muslins White Cotton Fabrics and Blouses

The Economy Sales

Will Continue Throughout the Month Introducing New Lines From Day to Day.

Watch Tacoma Daily Papers for Details

CENTER

Mr. Francis Sherman was in Seattle on business Monday.

Mr. C. C. Williams and family have moved to the "Ellsworth Farm."

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Therkelsen entertained friends at Tacoma over Sunday.

Miss Gladys Wilber has returned to her school work at the Bellingham Normal.

Mrs. Bertha Thompson of Seattle is visiting her son, T. N. Thompson, at Center.

Mr. and Mrs. Miller, daughter and niece of Seattle have been the guests for a few days of Mrs. McCarron.

The regular meeting of the Island Grange was held on Tuesday evening. Several candidates were initiated, after which a light lunch was served.

Mr. Habernal recently purchased the place occupied by C. C. Williams and known as the Bates property. He expects to move in soon.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hansen of Center marshalled their children for a New Year's dinner. They were Mr. and Mrs. H. Hansen and family, Mr. and Mrs. N. Hansen and family, and Mr. and Mrs. T. Hansen and family. It was indeed a very pleasant family reunion.

On the evening of December 31, to watch the old year out and the new year in, John Podich entertained Mr. and Mrs. W. Zimmerman, Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Hamerquist and four children, Mr. and Mrs. G. P. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. E. Faull and son, Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Tjomsland and Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Whinery. The evening was enjoyed with games and music, after which a long table was set and loaded with ham sandwiches, salad, assorted cakes, oranges, bananas, apples, nuts, cider, and cocoa. After disposing of as much of the "good eats" as possible, the merry company "rang out the old and rang in the new" to the honking horns, shooting skells and ringing a bell.

The Advertised Article

is one in which the merchant himself has implicit faith—else he will not advertise it. You are safe in patronizing the merchants whose ads appear in this paper because their goods are up to date and not shop worn. : : :



How Are Your Eyes

treating you these fine mornings? Or rather how are you treating them? If you cannot read easily and continuously without a blurring of the type or a straining of the eyes you owe them a pair of glasses to help them perform their full functions. Come here for the correct kind. Only expertly selected lenses are safe to use.

COLUMBIAN OPTICAL CO.

EDWIN MAXWELL, MGR.
1315 FOURTH AVE.
STORES IN DENVER, PORTLAND, OMAHA, KANSAS CITY, DALLAS AND SALT LAKE
Seattle, Wash.

"You Must Be Satisfied"

Our Jewelry

—Makes better friends for you as well as ourselves.

Our styles are correct, and up-to-date. Our designs and selections as varied as you want. Every article that we sell is sent out with the full realization that it is an advertisement for our store. Isn't that a sufficient reason for our willingness to make good on each sale.

WATCH REPAIRING

That is guaranteed. All our work is done by experts in repairing and at the most moderate prices.

Gus Cohn
JEWELER

1404 Third Avenue
SEATTLE

CROWN Dental Offices

GUARANTEED

Painless Dentistry

13th and Broadway,
Opposite McCormick Bros.

TACOMA

Read the Classified ads.

Auto Supplies

Don't send away for a single article for your automobile until you find out what we can do for you.

We Carry in Stock the Famous

"Wite-Kat" No Water Soap The Velvet Hand Wash

Try a can of this soap, it is positively the finest thing of its kind on the market.
Keep a can in your car at all times.

Vashon Garage

Phone Red 771

E. J. Mace, Prop.

Vashon

Quality is the Best Economy

We carry only the highest quality merchandise therefore you save money when you buy here.

Quilts and Blankets
Oil Heaters
Air Tight Wood Heaters

Community Silver
Flash Lights
Aluminum Ware
Oven Glass
Boys' Wagons
Suspenders, Neckties and Handkerchiefs

Safety Razors
Fountain Pens
Lunch Sets
Hair Ribbons
Rubber Coats and Shoes

Flannel Shirts and Heavy Socks

ROBT. GERRY

Staple and Fancy

GROCERIES

Phone Black 151

Vashon, Wash.

VASHON

Bring your shoe repairing to W. V. Garvin, Vashon.

Ray Morley of Seattle was a visitor on the island the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. John King entertained at Sunday dinner Mr. and Mrs. Arthur King and baby.

Miss Lillian Locklin was the guest of Mrs. S. Huffman over Sunday and Monday.

The water-proofest water proof shoe dressing you ever saw at Garvin's. Only 15c a can.

Mr. and Mrs. Floyd Mace have returned from their honeymoon trip and are now at home at Glen Acres.

H. P. Waldron, who is employed at the navy yard, Bremerton, spent Christmas and New Year's day at home.

Elmer Harmeling is the most inquisitive person in these diggings at present. He is the government census enumerator.

Mr. and Mrs. Garner Kimmell and baby were dinner guests on New Year's day at the home of Mr. and Mrs. B. Reed.

A. H. Poultney, now a resident of Seattle, formerly in business in Vashon, was canvassing the Islands last Friday and Saturday in the interest of the Seattle P-L.

The first of the week the North End Transfer brought over from Seattle approximately a car-load of incubators for the Siegrist Hatchery.

On Christmas day Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Watson and Mr. and Mrs. Loyd Waldron of Seattle were entertained at the H. P. Waldron home. And on New Year's day Mrs. Waldron entertained Mrs. F. R. Smith and family.

For shingles see W. V. Covey, Vashon. The quality and price is right. Phone 223.

WANTED

Those cases that puzzle the average optician. We examine eyes and furnish glasses exclusively.

Eyes Tested. Glasses Fitted.
CASWELL OPTICAL CO.
758 St. Helens Ave., at Ninth St.
TACOMA

CHURCH ANNOUNCEMENTS

Presbyterian

The Sunday school and Christian Endeavor meeting had banner attendance last Sunday. Both services were permeated with the right new year spirit. The membership was increased by two at the morning service. The spirit of this service also was highly in keeping with the moment.

The young people's study-entertainment class commenced Monday evening very auspiciously. The attendance exceeded all expectations and the event throughout was gratifying and predictive of a splendid future for the class. Two weeks from its first meeting it will be held at the home of Miss Helen Steen. The personnel of the meeting on Monday evening shows that the proposition is not thought of as being denominational. It's a free-for-all class, the object of which is to provide proper entertainment for the young people of the community.

There will be the regular service next Sunday. The theme of the morning sermon will be, "Running Under Critical Observation." We were pleased to see the new faces at the services last Sunday. Come again.

The mid-week meetings for the time will be held in the library room, according to a mutual arrangement of the matter. It is held Wednesday evenings. A spiritual meeting for spiritual people. None others will attend.

Center Services

The service at Center last Sunday evening was also of a banner attendance. The encouraging increase of attendants is an evidence of the increase of interest for the services.

Service again next Sunday, 8:00 p. m.

R. G. Williams, Minister.

Episcopal

Messrs. O. E. Goodman and C. M. Lovested of Seattle gave a fine talk on the "Nation-Wide Campaign of the Episcopal Church" at Christ Church, Portage, last Sunday. There will be more speakers at the services next Sunday, 11:15 a. m., who will talk upon the same subject.

Owing to the whoopingcough epidemic, the Sunday school of Christ Church, Portage, has been suspended for a few Sundays; but we will have a rally day soon and expect everyone back. We have some new members coming.

Mr. A. Wollaston of Seattle will conduct the services at Christ Church next Sunday. There will be special music by the choir.

H. A. Nelson of Seattle, representing the Standard Detective Corporation, was looking after business on the Island last Saturday.

A CARD OF THANKS

Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Beall, sr., would like to express their appreciation of the many kind messages and tokens of regard received on their marriage anniversary, which was also Mr. Beall's birthday anniversary. The remembrance of the fine spirit manifest on this occasion will always be a source of great pleasure to them.

MAGAZINES?

The progressive farmer uses all possible helps looking toward success. The Country Gentleman, a weekly magazine, gives tried and practical suggestions. The Ladies Home Journal is equally helpful to the women. The Saturday Evening Post speaks for itself.

A representative of the Curtis publications is at your service at the Vashon State Bank.

NOTICE

I have decided to subdivide my farm just south of Beall greenhouses, into about 5 or 6 acre tracts, and sell on terms of 15 per cent cash and 15 per cent per year, interest 6 per cent. This land is all ready for planting to berries, or any other purpose, well located, and the terms give you a chance to live and pay for your home. Call on premises for full particulars. Tel. Black 143. W. S. Danner. 8tf

You can get Tanlac at Garvin's - \$1.00.

MURINE Night and Morning. Have Clean, Healthy Eyes. If they Tingle, Itch, Smart or Burn, if Sore, Irritated, Inflamed or Granulated, use Murine often. Soothes, Refreshes, Safe for Infant or Adult. At all Druggists. Write for Free Eye Book. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

JOHN G. MASARYK



John G. Masaryk, son of the president of the Czechoslovak republic, charge d'affaires of his country's legation in Washington.

RAIL CONTROL LOSS IS \$548,000,000

Washington.—The government deficit from railroad operation during November will be approximately \$4,500,000, a low record for the year, according to figures made public by the bureau of railroad economics.

Gross revenues for the month were estimated at close to \$430,000,000. This figure is only slightly below the high mark of a year ago but the heavy expenses, due in part to the coal strike which also reduced the revenues, left as net little of the operating revenues.

The government's net loss, the bureau estimated, on the basis of interstate commerce commission figures, has reached \$548,000,000 in the 23 months of railroad operation. The bureau placed the loss for the 11 months of 1919 at more than \$331,000,000.

LAST TROOPS QUIT PARIS

General Connor and His Party Leave France January 9.

Paris.—The departure of Brigadier General William D. Connor from Paris on the evening of January 9 with 200 officers and men, marked the final withdrawal of the American forces from France.

General Connor and his party will sail from Antwerp January 11. By that date all the buildings occupied in Paris by the American army will have been given up with the exception of several small offices. General Connor leaves behind less than 100 American officers and men, mostly connected with the graves registration service.

Parent-Teacher Association

The next meeting of the Vashon Parent-Teacher Association will be held at the high school on Tuesday evening, Jan. 13th. Members and friends are urged to come out.

R. W. F. Martin attended the all-day conference of the "Nation Wide Campaign of the Episcopal Church" held at Trinity church, Seattle, on Wednesday, Jan. 7th.

NOTICE

For hauling, plowing, land clearing and teaming of all kinds, phone Red 82, J. Seland.

Are Your Teeth in Bad Shape?

If you have a bad tooth, perhaps what you need is a gold crown to cover it. If some teeth are missing, they can be replaced by what is called bridgework, which means that new teeth are fastened in by attaching them to other natural teeth in your mouth.

Or maybe you need artificial plates, which can be made so natural looking that it is not easy to tell them from real teeth. The best place to have this kind of dental work done is at an office where Registered Dentists use the E. R. Parker System, because these dentists make special arrangements with out-of-town patients, so that fewer visits are required and you don't have to call so often.

Prices are always reasonable, and no charge is made for examinations and advice. There are twenty-four E. R. Parker System offices in different cities, the nearest being at

2nd Ave. and Madison St., Seattle
1019 Pacific Ave., Tacoma

Get Ready for Thrift Week---

"NATIONAL THRIFT WEEK" will be observed throughout the United States from January 17th to 24th, this year.

Ten main principles will be featured in this "NATIONAL THRIFT WEEK" campaign as follows:

- 1—Make a budget. This requires estimating in advance how one's income is to be spent and helps the individual to find a measuring rod for his spending.
- 2—Keep an intelligent record of expenditures.
- 3—Have a bank account.
- 4—Carry life insurance.
- 5—Make a will.
- 6—Own your own home eventually.
- 7—Pay your bills promptly.
- 8—Invest in U. S. S. and other government securities.
- 9—Spend less than you earn.
- 10—Share with others. Thrift without benevolence is a doubtful blessing.

If there is anything on which we could cooperate with you, in observing this "National Thrift Week", we would be pleased to have you call on us. A Savings Account would help you. One dollar starts you.

Vashon State Bank

Classified Advertisements T. HANSEN

Five cents per line; minimum rate 25c. Cash in advance. Insert stamps of 2c.

For Rent—Good wood. Phone Blk 83. J. W. Waldron, Vashon. 12

For Sale—Cyphers' 240-egg incubator, also 200-egg brooder. T. N. Thompson, Center. 0-12-13

For Sale or Trade—1 dark golden brown turkey gobbler. J. R. Chambers, Vashon. 0-12

For Wood—Call on Ralph Touhey or phone Red 753. 0-12-13

Wanted—Work by experienced orchard pruner, either by day work or contract. Address John Collett, Vashon, or inquire at Gammell's store. 0-12

Seven weeks old O. I. C. pigs for Sale \$7.00. Thoroughbred Buff Orpington pullets, 9 months old, laying, \$2.00 apiece. Wanted a few old geese. H. C. Babeock, Vashon, Red 133. -12

Lost—Airdale Terrier, has 1919 license M.1209, answers to name of Prince. Finder please phone Black 174. -12

For Sale—Five 7 weeks old pigs, with brood sow, separate or all together. W. V. Covey, Red 723. -12

For Sale—About 10 tons of good hay. A. Eernisse, Vashon. 9tf

Notice—Anyone taking up a stray horse, or knowing of one running at large, will please notify R. B. Hayes, Phone Black 1153. 0-10

For Sale—Thoroughbred Holstein cow, fresh about Jan. 15. E. C. Thompson, Phone Blk. 174. 11

For Sale—8 acres, fine location, modern house, hot and cold water and bath; 3 acres cleared, \$3,500, part cash. W. D. Garvin, Vashon, Wash. 11

For Service—A Grade Guernsey bull, one-fourth mile north and one-fourth mile east of Vashon high school. W. M. Boynton. 11

Wholesale Produce—J. B. Radda pays net cash prices for veal, pork and beef, also hides. Phone us for quotations. Red 732. 4

Pay Cash—Best cash prices for poultry, beef, stock, veal and pork. E. J. Kerl, Vashon. Phone Black 164. 47

Wanted—Hogs, veal and cattle. Cash paid. R. B. Hayes, Portage. Phone Black 153. 36

NOTARY PUBLIC

All Kinds of Legal Papers Drawn and Acknowledged
Office at Vashon State Bank

W. D. GARVIN

NOTARY PUBLIC
All Kinds of Legal Documents Acknowledged.
Vashon, Wash.

A. HUNT

NOTARY PUBLIC
BURTON, WASH.

DR. GUY O'NEIL IRELAND

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON
Office and Residence:
Lynton Home

Phone Black 1091 BURTON

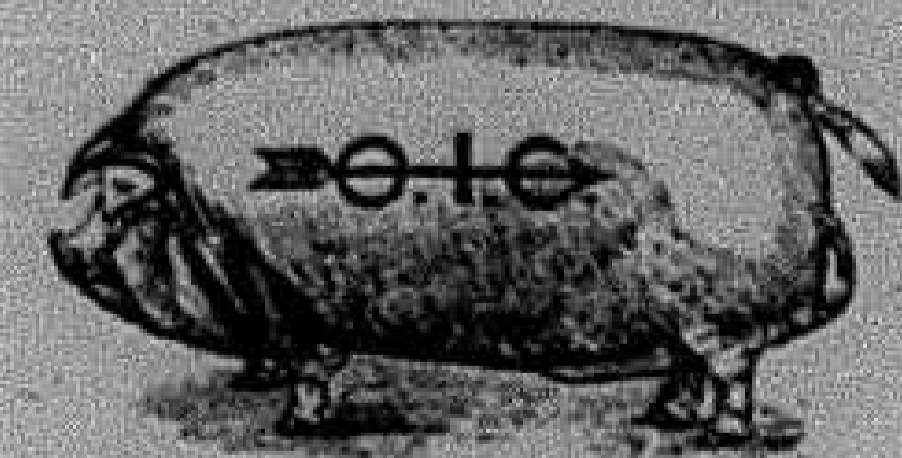
MARION A. BUTLER

LAWYER
623 New York Block. Main 4104
SEATTLE

Get the Genuine and Avoid Waste
MORGAN'S
SAPOLIO
Scouring Soap
Economy in Every Cake

NOW IS THE TIME TO BREED

Remember, the O. I. C. Swine have a reputation second to none. We have registered



Boars For Service
\$3.50 Cash
Vashon Garden Co.
Black 722 N. Hoshi

VASHON PIONEER MEAT MARKET

WE HANDLE NOTHING BUT THE
Choicest Meat From Select Stock

ALL ORDERS RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION

PHONE IND. 2311 NELS PETERSEN, PROP.

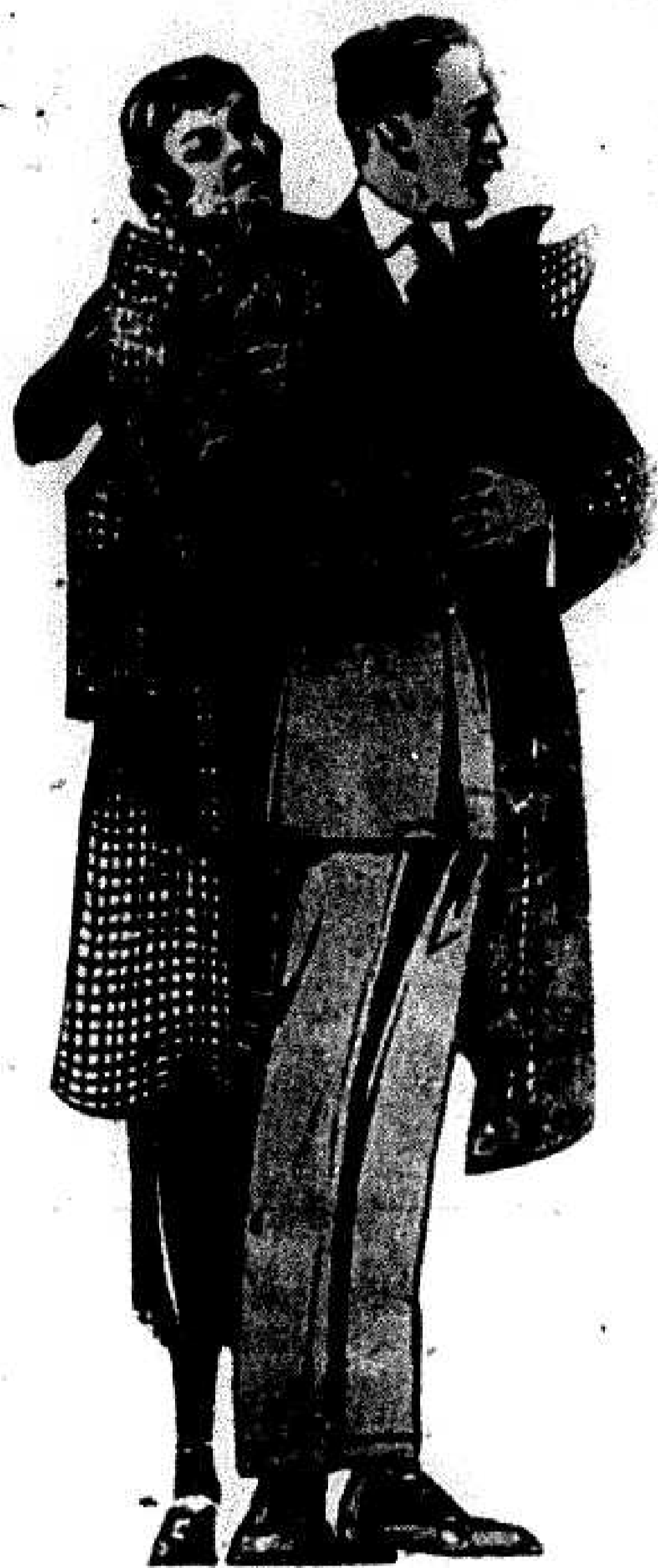
"The store that saves you money" When You Want

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES FLOUR AND FEED

Our stock is always fresh
David Gammell VASHON, WASH.

Yes, We're All Making Good Resolutions Trying to Start the New Year Right.

A New Vogue Suit or Overcoat Is an Inspiration



Clothes may not mean everything but they surely have a lot to do with a man's prosperity. A well-dressed man gains in self-assurance and inspires confidence in others. The world for the most part takes you at your own estimate. You owe it to yourself to appear well dressed.

Our Men's Clothing Shop is ready with just the kind of coat or suit that you want. In a wide range of patterns and sizes for all ages—shorts, stouts, slims and regular. The better qualities moderately priced. Just come and satisfy yourself that they are from \$5 to \$10 cheaper than elsewhere. Alterations free. Every garment fitted to perfection by our expert tailor.

Prices range from **\$35.00 to \$60.00**

Other values in Men's Suits, popular makes, specially priced at—**\$20.00, \$25.00, \$30.00 to \$40.00.**

THE STORE THAT SAVES YOU MONEY
McCormack Bros. INC.
TACOMA
Broadway and 13th Street

COVE

Louis Stetlin is down from Pilechuck, saying "Happy New Year" to his old neighbors and friends, also on business as to his ranch.

W. Lenfesty, of Victoria, B. C., an old-time friend, spent New Year's with the Ronoufs. The one nice thing about his visit was that he brought a fine, big turkey.

Barney Erickson has been helping Mr. Petersen in the store for a few days. Barney is no tenderfoot in that line, as he ran things pretty well when his uncle, E. O. Rindal, hid the store.

Axel Petersen didn't show up at the watch meeting the other night. "Was so busy taking stock in the store." Now, that looks rather lame—he knows it is leap year. He is eligible; nice looking; but, oh, so shy, girls.

Called at Mr. Chas. Anderson's in Seattle. They own a summer home down on the beach near the store. Found Richie with his head all bandaged up again. Had to have his broken jaw treated—he got in the Frisco holdup. Pus formed. Being nicely now.

Saw Mr. Fred Fox in the city. He had a halter in his hand; the other was hitched to a fine horse. Fred said he was the laughing stock of the town; everybody gawked at him as he led the horse along the street, as though he was just out of Steilacoom. There are a few people yet in the world who have a decent respect for a fine horse, if the smart city folks do have an assortment of new-fangled four-wheeled things to run about in.

Abie Abrams has been parting

with some of the cash he brought down from Alaska. He is sailing around in a brand new 5-passenger Ford—give us a ride, Ape.

We have some pretty good fishermen among our lads. Saw Arnold Fjeldal with a fine catch of rock cod and perch. But Howard Crozier takes the cake; he caught a 12-pound king salmon down on the dock; some work landing it. If he had not had his shotgun he never would have landed the prize—they fight so hard. Got it as far as the dock slip, then Arthur Hanson took the gun and plugged the fish squarely on the head—good shot for a kid. Proud of his luck? No name for it. We had a sample, too; fine treat.

There was an enjoyable watch night gathering at the home of the Thomasons. Their neighbors met with them to watch the old year out—and sure did. At 1:30 a. m., when the partings came, the Goblins and Spirits were all loose. "Steen gallons of nice, sweet cider—h-s-i! Not a drop was left. Rich cakes, nice sandwiches and coffee, made a good treat. As Miss Florence Sigrist was seated before an empty table, she remarked, as she smoothed her hand over the table, "Now I am perfectly at home." She is a school-mum, you know. Almost listened to hear her say, "Bertie Moore we will have your little piece; Lillie Thomason, you may sing your nice song." With what proud, happy hearts we used to respond. Then Bro. Dunn broke in with, "On with the dances, let joy be unconfined." So sped the long, happy hours, until the dawn of the New Year.

Mr. and Mrs. Ray A. Leeman and children of Sedro-Wooley were visiting last week among their old neighbors. They formerly owned the Crozier ranch. It

was a sad mission that brought them to Seattle. Mr. Leeman buried his father and mother, both of whom died from an attack of pneumonia within twenty-four hours of each other. Our heartfelt sympathy goes out to them in such an hour. There is one beautiful thought: when father and mother, after long years of happy, wedded life, reach the end of the trail together. How sweet.

A left-over from last week: "I wish all to understand that there has been no desire on my part to wound, to 'get even,' to pay off some old score. If we have stepped rather hard on some toes, just grin and bear it. Then have a good laugh when you see how the other fellow catches it. If some have seemed to have been slighted, 'tis not intentional—we can not get everywhere. You try to help out a little. When friends come, improvements are made, nice crops, chickens doing well, etc., let me have the items. You know me. A postal card costs only one cent, a letter two cents. Dropped in the mail with an item is just the thing. We all want to make our part of the home paper a pleasant part to read. If we get too fresh, the editor has a pretty sharp pencil behind his ear and is not afraid to use it.

When you read these jottings the 365 pages of the book of 1919 will be glossed. Are we satisfied with the record; nothing to regret; no mistakes made; nothing said that we would gladly recall? If otherwise, let us not, as we open the clean, white pages of 1920, "carry forward" any old scores, like the business man does bad debts and old uncollectable accounts. We quote Frank Crane in the Star, as a wish that might come true:

"If you have grudges, resentments, enmities, hates, shoo them away as filthy flies that spoil the fair and wholesome meats of life, and begin Nineteen Twenty with charity to all, with malice toward none."

Vale.

DECEMBER WEATHER

Highest temperature was on the 20th, 60 degrees.

Lowest temperature was on the 12th, 7 degrees above zero.

Number of cloudy days, 13.

Number of partly cloudy days, 12.

Number of clear days, 6.

Amount of precipitation, 5.68 inches.

Prevailing wind direction, south.

Minutary almanac for January 1st: sun rises 7:59; sun sets 4:26.

Total deficiency of precipitation this year is about 4 inches. December, 1919, was the coldest and driest December since a record of the weather has been kept on Vashon Island, which is 32 years. December 12 was the coldest day in the history of the Island, and 23 degrees colder than the coldest day last winter.

Precipitation for December, 1918, was 8.62 inches.

Linda A. Wise, G. O.

Neolin soles at Rendall's repair shop, Portage. Phone Red 1151.

Read the advertisements first.

36,000 Pounds of Sugar Seized.
Menomonee, Wis.—United States Marshal Frank O'Connor seized 36,000 pounds of sugar at the plant of the Nestle's Food company. This factory had discontinued the canning of sweetened condensed milk and was packing only the evaporated or unawakened products.

Kolchak's Rule Ends.
Vladivostok—Admiral Kolchak, commanding the all-Russian governmental forces opposing the bolsheviks in Siberia, has retired from active command because of ill health and has appointed General Semenov to succeed as commander-in-chief.

Foreign Language Law is Sustained.
Lincoln, Neb.—The Nebraska supreme court handed down a decision upholding the state foreign language law passed by the last legislature, which prohibits the teaching of any foreign language in the grade schools.

Perishing to Make Lincoln His Home.
Lincoln, Neb.—General Pershing announced that he regarded Lincoln as his home, that he had bought a house as his future residence, and it was his intention to some time embark in a business career here.

Six Arrested in New Haven.
New Haven, Conn.—Six men were arrested in connection with the sale of wood alcohol "whisky" which they are alleged to have shipped from here to Chicopee, Mass.

THE MARKETS.

Portland.
Oats—No. 3 white feed, \$65.50 a ton.
Barley—Standard feed, \$73 a ton.
Corn—Whole, \$72; cracked, \$76.
Hay—Willamette valley timothy, \$26@28 per ton; alfalfa, \$31.50.
Butter Fat—68@69c.
Eggs—Ranch, 60c per dozen.
Poultry—Hens, 25@30c.
Cattle—Best steers, \$10.75@11.25; good to choice, \$10@10.50; medium to good, \$9@9.75.
Hogs—Prime mixed, \$14.50@15; medium mixed, \$14@14.50; pigs, \$11.50@12.50.
Sheep—Eastern lambs, \$13@13.50; valley lambs, \$10.50@11; ewes, \$6@7.

Seattle.

Hay—Eastern Washington timothy, \$38@39 per ton; alfalfa, \$35.
Butterfat—75@77c.
Eggs—Ranch, 55@60c.
Poultry—Hens, heavy, dressed, 4c; light, 3c.
Hogs—Prime, \$15.25@15.75; medium to choice, \$14@15; pigs, \$12.50@13.50.
Cattle—Best steers, \$11.50@12; heifers, \$8.75@9.50; calves, \$7@15.

Honeymoon Ends in Hospital.

Attempting to elude pursuing wedding guests by running away in an automobile, Mr. and Mrs. Gustave Johnson of Bay City, Mich., were injured when the machine landed them in a ditch beside the road. They continued their honeymoon in a hospital.

New Color for U. S. Uniforms.

While no official announcement has been made that khaki is to be discarded by the United States army, a new uniform of sea green color will be issued soon. It is reported in Washington.

New Year's Then and Now.

As long as people can remember, there have been New Year parties. The old Romans gave theirs in honor of Janus, the two-faced god. One face looked back at the old, spent year, and one face looked forward to the new, fresh year. They gave presents to him and to each other with the hope that the new year would be good to them. Some of the people who lived long ago waited until the end of March to celebrate the New Year, since that was the time that the trees and grass began new life. The Persians still exchange presents of eggs at New Year's, just as we do at Easter. But the rest of us now do our giving of presents at Christmas. Parties, though, we may give to each other on January 1. In Scotland and England everybody calls on everybody else New Year's day, and drinks punch. Here in America calling has gone out of style, but if we do nothing more, we at least shout "Happy New Year" to everybody we meet on New Year's morning.

The New Year Motto

I asked the New Year for some motto sweet,
Some rule of life by which to guide my feet;
I asked and paused; it answered,
Soft and low:
"God's will to know."

"Will knowledge, then, suffice,
New Year?" I cried;
But ere the question into silence died,
The answer came: "Nay; this
remember, too,
God's will to do."

"To know; to do; can this be all
we give
To Him in Whom we are, and
move and live?
No more, New Year?" "This, too,
must be your care:
God's will to bear."

Once more I asked: "Is there
still more to tell?"
And once again the answer
sweetly fell:
"Yes, this one thing, all other
things above,
God's will to love."
—J. M. C. Bouchard, S. J.



Does Your Letter-head Get It?

The appearance of your letter-head may mean success or failure. Do yourself justice in the quality of your business messenger.

We do not advocate extravagance. We recommend the use of a very moderate priced standard paper—

WAMMERSVILLE BRAND

—which has won recognition for its quality and the service it gives. We are prepared to furnish that paper and to print you a letterhead that is a dignified representative.

See What We Can Give You Before You Place an Order

SASH AND DOORS
O. B. Williams Co.
1943 First Avenue South SEATTLE
GOLD SEAL PAINTS
We guarantee this paint will stand any test for purity. Protect your buildings and save money at our prices.
Inside and outside white, in 5-gal. cans, per gal. \$4.15
In 1-gal. cans, per gal. 4.25
PREPARED ROOFING
GOLD SEAL BRAND
1-ply, per square, \$2.25 2-ply, per square, \$2.75 3-ply, per square, \$3.50
Our large illustrated catalogue, showing full line of building material, free on request.
O. B. Williams Co.
Established 1899.

Have Your Watch Repaired
By
O. B. HELLIKSON, Jeweler Seattle's Best Watchmaker
Opposite Post Office
316 Union Street, Seattle, Wash.
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